

KUNJ VIHAR CGHS LTD

# **BOQ REPORT**

**BLOCK -A**

## BOQ FOR CRACKED BEAMS BLOCK -A (3RD ,5TH ,10TH FLOOR )

WIDTH = 300 mm = 0.3 m

Length = 3.0 m

Total Area:

$$\text{Area} = 3.0\text{m} \times 0.3\text{m} = 0.9\text{m}^2$$

Item No.	Description	Unit Quantity	Unit	Numbers	Total Quantity
1	Surface preparation: Chipping and cleaning cracked	0.9	m <sup>2</sup>	3	2.7
2	Supply & fixing of chicken mesh (22 gauge, ½" × ½") with nails & washers	0.9	m <sup>2</sup>	3	2.7
3	Application of polymer modified mortar / rich cement mortar (avg. 12mm thick)	0.0108	m <sup>3</sup>	3	0.0324
4	Curing and finishing of surface after repair	0.9	m <sup>2</sup>	3	2.7

Chicken Mesh Required: 0.9 m<sup>2</sup> (For one beam)

Mortar Volume (approx.):

$$\text{Volume} = \text{Area} \times \text{Thickness} = 0.9\text{m}^2 \times 0.012\text{m} = 0.0108\text{m}^3 \quad (\text{For one beam})$$

Cement & sand for rich mix (1:3) or polymer-modified mortar as per specs.

**PROCEDURE SHOULD BE FOLLOWED ACCORDING TO PAGE 93-100 OF THE REPORT**

### VISUAL PICTURES



## BOQ FOR CRACKED ROOF BLOCK -A (10TH FLOOR )

WIDTH = 2000 mm = 2.0 m

Length = 2.0 m

Total Area:

$$\text{Area} = 2.0\text{m} \times 2.0\text{m} = 4.0\text{m}^2$$

Item No.	Description	Unit Quantity	Unit	Numbers	Total Quantity
1	Surface preparation: Chipping and cleaning cracked	4	m <sup>2</sup>	1	4
2	Application of polymer modified mortar / rich cement mortar (avg. 10mm thick)	0.0108	m <sup>3</sup>	1	0.04
3	Curing and finishing of surface after repair	4	m <sup>2</sup>	1	4

**Mortar Volume (approx.):**

$$\text{Volume} = \text{Area} \times \text{Thickness} = 4.0\text{m}^2 \times 0.010\text{m} = 0.0400\text{m}^3$$

Cement & sand for rich mix (1:3) or polymer-modified mortar as per specs.

**PROCEDURE SHOULD BE FOLLOWED ACCORDING TO PAGE 93-100 OF THE REPORT**

### VISUAL PICTURES



## BOQ FOR CRACKED STRAIRCASE BLOCK -A

WIDTH = 1500 mm = 1.5 m

Length = 3.0 m

Total Area:

$$\text{Area} = 1.5\text{m} \times 3.0\text{m} = 4.5\text{m}^2$$

Item No.	Description	Unit Quantity	Unit	Numbers	Total Quantity
1	Surface preparation: Chipping and cleaning cracked	4.5	m <sup>2</sup>	6	27
2	Supply & fixing of chicken mesh (22 gauge, ½" × ½") with nails & washers	4.5	m <sup>2</sup>	6	27
3	Application of polymer modified mortar / rich cement mortar (avg. 12mm thick)	0.054	m <sup>3</sup>	6	0.324
4	Curing and finishing of surface after repair	4.5	m <sup>2</sup>	6	27

Chicken Mesh Required: 4.5 m<sup>2</sup> (For one stair)

Mortar Volume (approx.):

$$\text{Volume} = \text{Area} \times \text{Thickness} = 4.5\text{m}^2 \times 0.012\text{m} = 0.054\text{m}^3 \quad (\text{For one stair})$$

Cement & sand for rich mix (1:3) or polymer-modified mortar as per specs.

**PROCEDURE SHOULD BE FOLLOWED ACCORDING TO PAGE 93-100 OF THE REPORT**

# SNAPS





## BOQ FOR CRACKED STAIRCASE BLOCK -A

**WIDTH = 1000 mm = 1 m**

**Length = 3.0 m**

**Total Area:**

$$\text{Area} = 1\text{m} \times 3.0\text{m} = 3\text{m}^2$$

Item No.	Description	Unit Quantity	Unit	Numbers	Total Quantity
1	Surface preparation: Chipping and cleaning cracked	3	m <sup>2</sup>	2	6
2	Supply & fixing of chicken mesh (22 gauge, ½" × ½") with nails & washers	3	m <sup>2</sup>	2	6
3	Application of polymer modified mortar / rich cement mortar (avg. 12mm thick)	0.036	m <sup>3</sup>	2	0.072
4	Curing and finishing of surface after repair	3	m <sup>2</sup>	2	6

**Chicken Mesh Required:** 3 m<sup>2</sup> (For one stair)

**Mortar Volume (approx.):**

$$\text{Volume} = \text{Area} \times \text{Thickness} = 3\text{m}^2 \times 0.012\text{m} = 0.036\text{m}^3 \quad (\text{For one stair})$$

Cement & sand for rich mix (1:3) or polymer-modified mortar as per specs.

**PROCEDURE SHOULD BE FOLLOWED ACCORDING TO PAGE 93-100 OF THE REPORT**



## BOQ FOR CRACKED STRAIRCASE BLOCK -A

**WIDTH = 300 mm = 0.3 m**

**Length = 3.0 m**

**Total Area:**

$$\text{Area} = 0.3\text{m} \times 3.0\text{m} = 0.9\text{m}^2$$

Item No.	Description	Unit Quantity	Unit	Numbers	Total Quantity
1	Surface preparation: Chipping and cleaning cracked	0.9	m <sup>2</sup>	1	0.9
2	Supply & fixing of chicken mesh (22 gauge, ½" × ½") with nails & washers	0.9	m <sup>2</sup>	1	0.9
2	Application of polymer modified mortar / rich cement mortar (avg. 12mm thick)	0.0108	m <sup>3</sup>	1	0.0108
3	Curing and finishing of surface after repair	0.9	m <sup>2</sup>	1	0.9

**Chicken Mesh Required:** 0.9 m<sup>2</sup> (For one stair)

**Mortar Volume (approx.):**

$$\text{Volume} = \text{Area} \times \text{Thickness} = 0.9\text{m}^2 \times 0.012\text{m} = 0.0108\text{m}^3 \quad (\text{For one stair})$$

Cement & sand for rich mix (1:3) or polymer-modified mortar as per specs.

**PROCEDURE SHOULD BE FOLLOWED ACCORDING TO PAGE 93-100 OF THE REPORT**

**Visual picture**



## BOQ FOR CRACKED STAIRCASE WITH STEEL BLOCK -A

### DATA (SLAB JACKETING)

Parameter	Value
AREA	$1.0 \times 6 \text{ m} = 6 \text{ m}^2$
BAR DIA	10MM
SPACING	100MM C/C
TOTAL PLATER THICKNESS	20MM

### CALCULATE QUANTITY OF ADDITIONAL 10 MM BARS

Number of bars along 1.0m length

$$(1000/100)+1=11$$

Length of each bar =

6m

Total length of bars =

$$11 \times 6 = 66 \text{ m}$$

Weight of 10 mm dia steel =

0.620kg/m.

$$\text{Total steel} = 66 \times 0.62 = \sim 40.92 \text{ kg}$$

$$\text{Total steel} + 7\% \text{ wastage} = 44 \text{ Kg}$$

### PLASTER / JACKETING VOLUME

Total thickness = 20 mm = 0.02 m

$$\text{SO, Volume} = 6.0 \times 0.02 = 0.12 \text{ m}^3$$

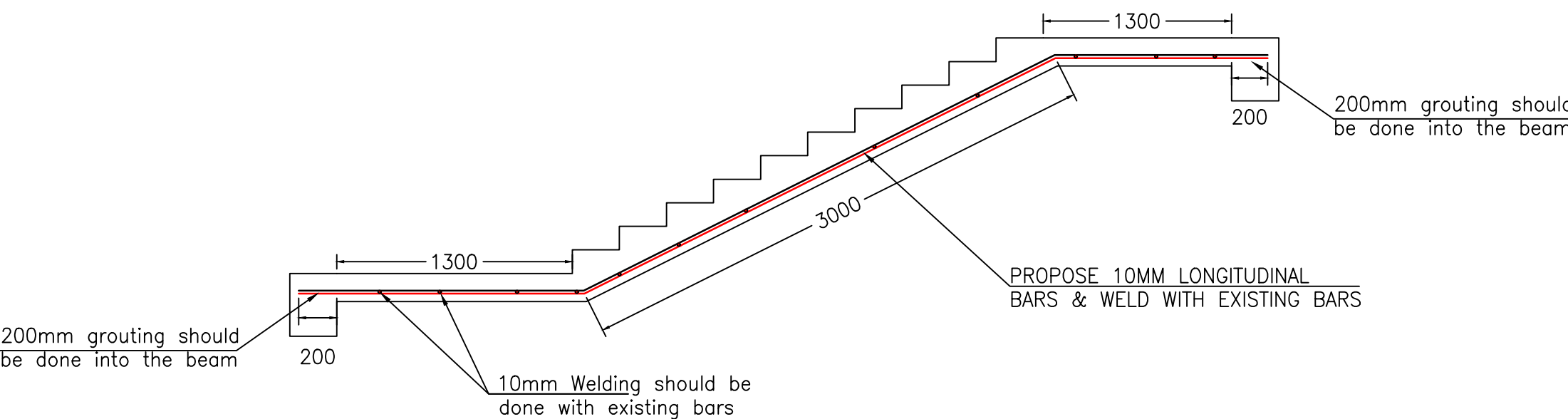
S. No	Description	Qty	Unit
1	Chiseling till sound concrete, extending min. 200 mm beyond corrosion	6	m <sup>2</sup>
2	Cleaning existing rebars and applying epoxy primer / corrosion inhibitor	6	m <sup>2</sup>
3	Welding additional 10 mm dia bars at 100 mm c/c	44	kg
4	Applying epoxy bonding agent	6	m <sup>2</sup>
5	Plastering with PMM or rich cement mortar (1:3), 20 mm thick	0.12	m <sup>3</sup>
6	Protective anti-carbonation / waterproof coating	6	m <sup>2</sup>

**PROCEDURE SHOULD BE FOLLOWED ACCORDING TO PAGE 93-100 OF THE REPORT**

Visual picture







## BOQ FOR CRACKS IN COLUMNS BLOCK-A

### Column Details:

Column height: 3.0 meters

Width of each side = 0.3 m (300 mm)

Number of sides to be treated = 2 Chicken

mesh to be applied on 2 sides

Crack repair on entire height, 2 Sides

Surface Area Calculation (for 2 sides):

We'll calculate the surface area for **all 2 sides** of one column:

Surface Area=Height×Width×Number of Sides =  $3.0\text{m} \times 0.3\text{m} \times 2 = 1.8\text{m}^2$

Item No.	Description	Unit	Quantity	Number of columns	Total Quantity
1	Surface preparation: Chipping and cleaning of RCC column (4 sides)	1.8	m <sup>2</sup>	1	1.8
2	Supply & fixing of chicken mesh (22 gauge, ½" × ½") with nails & washers	1.8	m <sup>2</sup>	1	1.8
3	Application of polymer modified mortar / rich cement mortar (12mm thick)	0.0216	m <sup>3</sup>	1	0.0216
4	Curing and finishing of surface after repair	1.8	m <sup>2</sup>	1	1.8

Chicken Mesh Required: 1.8 m<sup>2</sup> (for one column)

Mortar Volume (approx.):

Volume=Area×Thickness= $1.8 \times 0.012 = 0.0216\text{m}^3$  Cement (for one column)

& sand for rich mix (1:3) or polymer-modified mortar as per specs.

**PROCEDURE SHOULD BE FOLLOWED ACCORDING TO PAGE 93-100 OF THE REPORT**

### SNAPS



## BOQ FOR CRACKS IN COLUMNS BLOCK-A

### Column Details:

**Column height:** 3.0 meters

**Width of each side = 0.3 m (300 mm)**

Number of sides to be treated = 3

Chicken mesh to be applied on 3 sides

Crack repair on entire height, 3 Sides

Surface Area Calculation (for 3 sides):

We'll calculate the surface area for **all 3 sides** of one column:

Surface Area=Height×Width×Number of Sides =  $3.0\text{m} \times 0.3\text{m} \times 3 = 2.7\text{m}^2$

Item No.	Description	Unit	Unit Quantity	Number of columns	Total Quantity
1	Surface preparation: Chipping and cleaning of RCC column (4 sides)	m <sup>2</sup>	2.7	1	2.7
2	Supply & fixing of chicken mesh (22 gauge, ½" × ½") with nails & washers	m <sup>2</sup>	2.7	1	2.7
3	Application of polymer modified mortar / rich cement mortar (12mm thick)	m <sup>3</sup>	0.0324	1	0.0324
4	Curing and finishing of surface after repair	m <sup>2</sup>	2.7	1	2.7

**Chicken Mesh Required:** 2.7 m<sup>2</sup> (for one column)

**Mortar Volume (approx.):**

Volume=Area×Thickness= $2.7 \times 0.012 = 0.0324\text{m}^3$  (for one column)

Cement & sand for rich mix (1:3) or polymer-modified mortar as per specs.

**PROCEDURE SHOULD BE FOLLOWED ACCORDING TO PAGE 93-100 OF THE REPORT**

### SNAPS



## BOQ FOR MODERATE CRACKS IN BEAMS BLOCK- A

### BEAM DETAILS

Parameter	Value
Beam type	Tie beam
Existing size	300 mm (W) × 450 mm (D)
Length	1.5 m
Sides to be treated	3 sides (bottom + 2 verticals)
Top face	Remains intact (supports wall/ slab)

### JACKETING & REINFORCEMENT DETAILS

S. No	Item Description	Qty	Unit	number of beams	total Qty
1	Surface preparation & cleaning (3 sides)	1.8	m <sup>2</sup>	9	16.2
2	Fixing chicken mesh (22 gauge, ½"x½") with nails & washers	1.8	m <sup>2</sup>	9	16.2
3	Application of polymer modified/ rich cement mortar (12 mm thick)	0.0216	m <sup>3</sup>	9	0.1944
4	Curing and surface finishing after plastering	1.8	m <sup>2</sup>	9	16.2

#### CALCULATION DETAILS:

**Surface Area for Chicken Mesh & Plaster:** (for one beam)

Side 1 (vertical):  $0.45 \times 1.5 = 0.675 \text{ m}^2$

Side 2 (bottom):  $0.3 \times 1.5 = 0.45 \text{ m}^2$

Side 3 (vertical):  $0.45 \times 1.5 = 0.675 \text{ m}^2$

**Total Area:**  $0.675 + 0.45 + 0.675 = 1.8 \text{ m}^2$

**Mortar Volume** (12 mm = 0.012 m thickness):

Volume=Area×Thickness=1.80×0.012=0.0216 m<sup>3</sup>

**PROCEDURE SHOULD BE FOLLOWED ACCORDING TO PAGE 93-100 OF THE REPORT**

# SNAPS



## BOQ FOR MODERATE CRACKS IN BEAMS BLOCK- A

### BEAM DETAILS

Parameter	Value
Beam type	Tie beam
Existing size	300 mm (W) × 450 mm (D)
Length	1.5
Sides to be treated	<sup>m</sup> 2 sides (bottom + verticals)
Top face	Remains intact (supports wall/ slab)

### JACKETING & REINFORCEMENT DETAILS

S. No	Item Description	Qty	Unit	number of beams	total Qty
1	Surface preparation & cleaning (3 sides)	1.125	m <sup>2</sup>	1	1.125
2	Fixing chicken mesh (22 gauge, ½"x½") with nails & washers	1.125	m <sup>2</sup>	1	1.125
3	Application of polymer modified/ rich cement mortar (12 mm thick)	0.0135	m <sup>3</sup>	1	0.0135
4	Curing and surface finishing after plastering	1.125	m <sup>2</sup>	1	1.125

#### CALCULATION DETAILS:

**Surface Area for Chicken Mesh & Plaster:** (for one beam)

Side 1 (vertical):  $0.45 \times 1.5 = 0.675 \text{ m}^2$

Side 2 (bottom):  $0.3 \times 1.5 = 0.45 \text{ m}^2$

**Total Area:**  $0.675 + 0.45 = 1.125 \text{ m}^2$

**Mortar Volume** (12 mm = 0.012 m thickness):

Volume=Area×Thickness= $1.125 \times 0.012 = 0.0135 \text{ m}^3$

**PROCEDURE SHOULD BE FOLLOWED ACCORDING TO PAGE 93-100 OF THE REPORT**

### SNAPS





## BOQ FOR PASSAGE AREA CRACKED

Height = 300 mm = 0.3 m

Length = 6.0 m

Work is to be done on **both sides**

**Total Area:**

Area (one side)=6.0m×0.3m=1.8m<sup>2</sup>

Area (both sides)=1.8m<sup>2</sup>×2=3.6m<sup>2</sup>

Item No.	Description	Unit Quantity	Unit	Numbers	Number of building	Total Quantity
1	Surface preparation: Chipping and cleaning cracked RCC wall (both sides)	3.6	m <sup>2</sup>	4	1	14.4
2	Supply & fixing of chicken mesh (22 gauge, ½" × ½") with nails & washers	3.6	m <sup>2</sup>	4	1	14.4
3	Application of polymer modified mortar / rich cement mortar (avg. 12mm thick)	0.0432	m <sup>3</sup>	4	1	0.1728
4	Curing and finishing of surface after repair	3.6	m <sup>2</sup>	4	1	14.4

**Chicken Mesh Required:** 3.6 m<sup>2</sup> (for one passage)

**Mortar Volume (approx.):**

Volume=Area×Thickness=3.6m<sup>2</sup>×0.012m=0.0432m<sup>3</sup> (for one passage)

Cement & sand for rich mix (1:3) or polymer-modified mortar as per specs.

**PROCEDURE SHOULD BE FOLLOWED ACCORDING TO PAGE 93-100 OF THE REPORT**

# SNAPS



## BOQ FOR PASSAGE AREA CRACKED (CEILING)

Width =500 mm = 0.5 m

Length = 6.0 m

Work is to be done on **both sides**

**Total Area:**

Area (one side)=6.0m×0.5m=3.0m<sup>2</sup>

Area (both sides)=3m<sup>2</sup>×2=6.0m<sup>2</sup>

Item No.	Description	Unit Quantity	Unit	Numbers	Total Quantity
1	Surface preparation: Chipping and cleaning cracked RCC wall (both sides)	6	m <sup>2</sup>	4	24
2	Supply & fixing of chicken mesh (22 gauge, ½" × ½") with nails & washers	6	m <sup>2</sup>	4	24
3	Application of polymer modified mortar / rich cement mortar (avg. 12mm thick)	0.072	m <sup>3</sup>	4	0.288
4	Curing and finishing of surface after repair	6	m <sup>2</sup>	4	24

**Chicken Mesh Required:** 6 m<sup>2</sup> (for one passage roof both sides)

**Mortar Volume (approx.):**

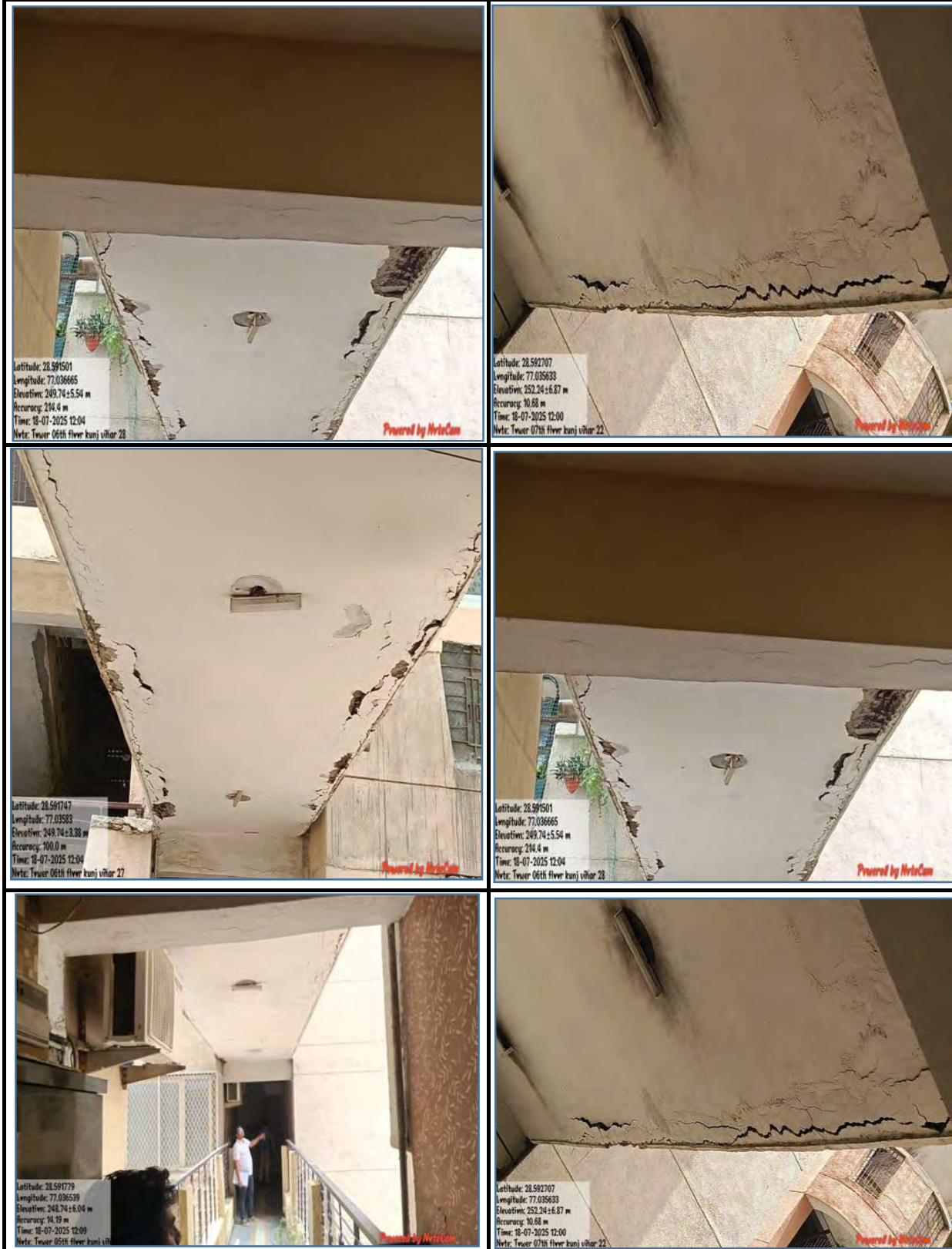
Volume=Area×Thickness=6.0m<sup>2</sup>×0.012m=0.072m<sup>3</sup> (for one passage roof both sides)

Cement & sand for rich mix (1:3) or polymer-modified mortar as per specs.

**PROCEDURE SHOULD BE FOLLOWED ACCORDING TO PAGE 93-100 OF THE REPORT**



# SNAPS



## BOQ FOR WALL CRACK STRENGTHENING (PLASTER)

### DETAILED CALCULATIONS

1- Treatment Area (H × W)= 2.0 m × 2.5 m = 5.0 m<sup>2</sup>

#### Volume of Mortar Required

$$\text{Volume} = \text{Area} \times \text{Thickness} = 5.0 \text{ m}^2 \times 0.012 \text{ m} = 0.06 \text{ m}^3$$

S. No	Description	Qty	Unit	Number of walls	Total Qty
1	Surface preparation (cleaning and chiseling the cracked wall surface)	5	m <sup>2</sup>	2	10
2	Application of rich cement mortar (12 mm thick)	0.06	m <sup>3</sup>	2	0.12
3	Curing and finishing after mortar application	5	m <sup>2</sup>	2	10

2- Treatment Area (H × W)= 3.0 m × 3.0 m = 9.0 m<sup>2</sup>

#### Volume of Mortar Required

$$\text{Volume} = \text{Area} \times \text{Thickness} = 9.0 \text{ m}^2 \times 0.012 \text{ m} = 0.108 \text{ m}^3$$

1	Surface preparation (cleaning and chiseling the cracked wall surface)	9	m <sup>2</sup>	1	9
2	Application of rich cement mortar (12 mm thick)	0.108	m <sup>3</sup>	1	0.108
3	Curing and finishing after mortar application	9	m <sup>2</sup>	1	9

3- Treatment Area (H × W)= 2.0 m × 3.0 m = 6.0 m<sup>2</sup>

#### Volume of Mortar Required

$$\text{Volume} = \text{Area} \times \text{Thickness} = 6.0 \text{ m}^2 \times 0.012 \text{ m} = 0.072 \text{ m}^3$$

S. No	Description	Qty	Unit	Number	Total Qty
1	Surface preparation (cleaning and chiseling the cracked wall surface)	6	m <sup>2</sup>	1	6
2	Application of rich cement mortar (12 mm thick)	0.072	m <sup>3</sup>	1	0.072
3	Curing and finishing after mortar application	6	m <sup>2</sup>	1	6

**PROCEDURE SHOULD BE FOLLOWED ACCORDING TO PAGE 93-100 OF THE REPORT**

SNAPS

 <p>Address: 31.52776 Longitude: 77.05875 Latitude: 252.164118 Accuracy: 8.62 m Time: 8:07:52S 2021 File: Snap_31.52776_77.05875_252.164118</p> <p>Powered by Mavica</p>		 <p>Address: 31.52776 Longitude: 77.05875 Latitude: 252.164118 Accuracy: 8.62 m Time: 8:07:52S 2021 File: Snap_31.52776_77.05875_252.164118</p>
 <p>Address: 31.52776 Longitude: 77.05875 Latitude: 252.164118 Accuracy: 8.62 m Time: 8:07:52S 2021 File: Snap_31.52776_77.05875_252.164118</p> <p>Powered by Mavica</p>		 <p>Address: 31.52776 Longitude: 77.05875 Latitude: 252.164118 Accuracy: 8.62 m Time: 8:07:52S 2021 File: Snap_31.52776_77.05875_252.164118</p> <p>Powered by Mavica</p>
 <p>Address: 31.52776 Longitude: 77.05875 Latitude: 252.164118 Accuracy: 8.62 m Time: 8:07:52S 2021 File: Snap_31.52776_77.05875_252.164118</p> <p>Powered by Mavica</p>		 <p>Address: 31.52776 Longitude: 77.05875 Latitude: 252.164118 Accuracy: 8.62 m Time: 8:07:52S 2021 File: Snap_31.52776_77.05875_252.164118</p>



## BOQ FOR WALL CRACK STRENGTHENING

### DETAILED CALCULATIONS

4- Treatment Area (H × W)= 2.0 m × 1.0m = 2.0 m<sup>2</sup>

#### Volume of Mortar Required

$$\text{Volume}=\text{Area}\times\text{Thickness}=2.0\text{m}^2\times0.012\text{m}=0.024\text{m}^3$$

S. No	Description	Qty	Unit	Number of walls	Total Qty
1	Surface preparation (cleaning and chiseling the cracked wall surface)	2	m <sup>2</sup>	1	2
2	Application of rich cement mortar (12 mm thick)	0.024	m <sup>3</sup>	1	0.024
3	Curing and finishing after mortar application	2	m <sup>2</sup>	1	2

5- Treatment Area (H × W)= 2.0 m ×1.5 m = 3m<sup>2</sup>

#### Volume of Mortar Required

$$\text{Volume}=\text{Area}\times\text{Thickness}=3.0\text{m}^2\times0.012\text{m}=0.036\text{m}^3$$

1	Surface preparation (cleaning and chiseling the cracked wall surface)	2	m <sup>2</sup>	1	2
2	Application of rich cement mortar (12 mm thick)	0.036	m <sup>3</sup>	1	0.036
3	Curing and finishing after mortar application	2	m <sup>2</sup>	1	2

6- Treatment Area (H × W)= 0.45 m × 1.0 m = 0.45 m<sup>2</sup>

#### Volume of Mortar Required

$$\text{Volume}=\text{Area}\times\text{Thickness}=0.45\text{m}^2\times0.012\text{m}=0.0054\text{m}^3$$

S. No	Description	Qty	Unit	Number	Total Qty
1	Surface preparation (cleaning and chiseling the cracked wall surface)	0.45	m <sup>2</sup>	1	0.45
2	Application of rich cement mortar (12 mm thick)	0.0054	m <sup>3</sup>	1	0.0054
3	Curing and finishing after mortar application	0.45	m <sup>2</sup>	1	0.45

PROCEDURE SHOULD BE FOLLOWED ACCORDING TO PAGE 93-100 OF THE REPORT

SNAPS

## BOQ FOR WALL CRACK STRENGTHENING (Miscellaneous)

### DETAILED CALCULATIONS

$$\text{Treatment Area (H} \times \text{W)} = 1.0 \text{ m} \times 1.0 \text{ m} = 1.0 \text{ m}^2$$

#### Volume of Mortar Required

$$\text{Volume} = \text{Area} \times \text{Thickness} = 1.0 \text{ m}^2 \times 0.012 \text{ m} = 0.012 \text{ m}^3$$

S. No	Description	Qty	Unit	Number of walls	Total Qty
1	Surface preparation (cleaning and chiseling the cracked wall surface)	1	m <sup>2</sup>	10	10
2	Application of rich cement mortar (12 mm thick)	0.012	m <sup>3</sup>	10	0.12
3	Curing and finishing after mortar application	1	m <sup>2</sup>	10	10

PROCEDURE SHOULD BE FOLLWED ACCORDING TO PAGE 93-100 OF THE REPORT

#### SNAP



KUNJ VIHAR CGHS LTD

# **BOQ REPORT**

**BLOCK -B**

## BOQ FOR CRACKED CEILING BLOCK -B

WIDTH = 1000 mm = 1.0 m

Length = 1.5 m

Total Area:

$$\text{Area} = 1.0\text{m} \times 1.5\text{m} = 1.5\text{m}^2$$

Item No.	Description	Unit Quantity	Unit	Numbers	Total Quantity
1	Surface preparation: Chipping and cleaning cracked	1.5	m <sup>2</sup>	2	3
2	Application of polymer modified mortar / rich cement mortar (avg. 10mm thick)	0.015	m <sup>3</sup>	2	0.03
3	Curing and finishing of surface after repair	1.5	m <sup>2</sup>	2	3

**Mortar Volume (approx.):**

$$\text{Volume} = \text{Area} \times \text{Thickness} = 1.5\text{m}^2 \times 0.010\text{m} = 0.0150\text{m}^3 \quad (\text{for one slab})$$

Cement & sand for rich mix (1:3) or polymer-modified mortar as per specs.

**PROCEDURE SHOULD BE FOLLOWED ACCORDING TO PAGE 93-100 OF THE REPORT**

### VISUAL PICTURES





## BOQ FOR CRACKED CEILING BLOCK -B

WIDTH = 1500 mm = 1.5 m

Length = 2.0 m

Total Area:

$$\text{Area} = 2.0\text{m} \times 1.5\text{m} = 3.0\text{m}^2$$

Item No.	Description	Unit Quantity	Unit	Numbers	Total Quantity
1	Surface preparation: Chipping and cleaning cracked	3	m <sup>2</sup>	2	6
2	Application of polymer modified mortar / rich cement mortar (avg. 10mm thick)	0.03	m <sup>3</sup>	2	0.06
3	Curing and finishing of surface after repair	3	m <sup>2</sup>	2	6

**Mortar Volume (approx.):**

$$\text{Volume} = \text{Area} \times \text{Thickness} = 3.0\text{m}^2 \times 0.010\text{m} = 0.030\text{m}^3 \quad (\text{for one slab})$$

Cement & sand for rich mix (1:3) or polymer-modified mortar as per specs.

**PROCEDURE SHOULD BE FOLLOWED ACCORDING TO PAGE 93-100 OF THE REPORT**

### VISUAL PICTURES





## BOQ FOR CRACKED STRAIRCASE BLOCK -B

WIDTH = 1500 mm = 1.5 m

Length = 3.0 m

Total Area:

$$\text{Area} = 1.5\text{m} \times 3.0\text{m} = 4.5\text{m}^2$$

Item No.	Description	Unit Quantity	Unit	Numbers	Total Quantity
1	Surface preparation: Chipping and cleaning cracked	4.5	m <sup>2</sup>	5	22.5
2	Supply & fixing of chicken mesh (22 gauge, ½" × ½") with nails & washers	4.5	m <sup>2</sup>	5	22.5
3	Application of polymer modified mortar / rich cement mortar (avg. 12mm thick)	0.054	m <sup>3</sup>	5	0.27
4	Curing and finishing of surface after repair	4.5	m <sup>2</sup>	5	22.5

Chicken Mesh Required: 4.5 m<sup>2</sup> (For one stair)

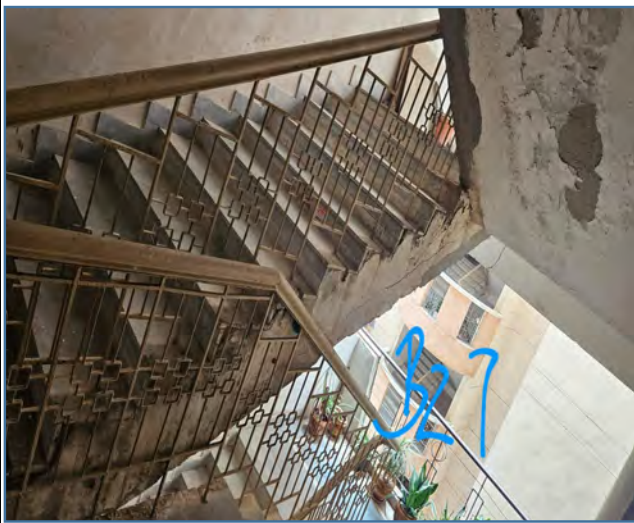
Mortar Volume (approx.):

$$\text{Volume} = \text{Area} \times \text{Thickness} = 4.5\text{m}^2 \times 0.012\text{m} = 0.054\text{m}^3 \quad (\text{For one stair})$$

Cement & sand for rich mix (1:3) or polymer-modified mortar as per specs.

**PROCEDURE SHOULD BE FOLLOWED ACCORDING TO PAGE 93-100 OF THE REPORT**

SNAPS



## BOQ FOR CRACKED STAIRCASE BLOCK -B

**WIDTH = 1000 mm = 1 m**

**Length = 3.0 m**

**Total Area:**

Area =  $1\text{m} \times 3.0\text{m} = 3\text{m}^2$

Item No.	Description	Unit Quantity	Unit	Numbers	Total Quantity
1	Surface preparation: Chipping and cleaning cracked	3	m <sup>2</sup>	9	27
2	Supply & fixing of chicken mesh (22 gauge, ½" × ½") with nails & washers	3	m <sup>2</sup>	9	27
3	Application of polymer modified mortar / rich cement mortar (avg. 12mm thick)	0.036	m <sup>3</sup>	9	0.324
4	Curing and finishing of surface after repair	3	m <sup>2</sup>	9	27

**Chicken Mesh Required:** 3 m<sup>2</sup> (For one stair)

**Mortar Volume (approx.):**

Volume = Area × Thickness =  $3\text{m}^2 \times 0.012\text{m} = 0.036\text{m}^3$

(For one stair)

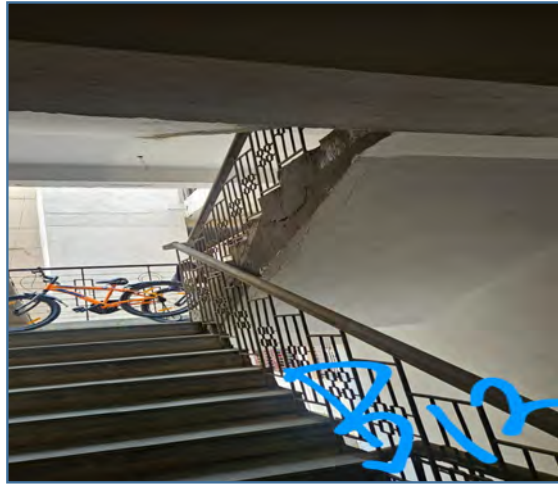
Cement & sand for rich mix (1:3) or polymer-modified mortar as per specs.

**PROCEDURE SHOULD BE FOLLOWED ACCORDING TO PAGE 93-100 OF THE REPORT**





SNAPS



## BOQ FOR CRACKED STAIRCASE BLOCK -B WIDTH

= 1500 mm = 1.5 m

Length = 3.0 m

Total Area:

Area =  $1.5\text{m} \times 3.0\text{m} = 4.5\text{m}^2$

Item No.	Description	Unit Quantity	Unit	Numbers	Total Quantity
1	Surface preparation: Chipping and cleaning cracked	4.5	m <sup>2</sup>	1	4.5
2	Application of polymer modified mortar / rich cement mortar (avg. 12mm thick)	0.054	m <sup>3</sup>	1	0.054
3	Curing and finishing of surface after repair	4.5	m <sup>2</sup>	1	4.5

Mortar Volume (approx.):

Volume =  $\text{Area} \times \text{Thickness} = 4.5\text{m}^2 \times 0.012\text{m} = 0.054\text{m}^3$

(For one stair)

Cement & sand for rich mix (1:3) or polymer-modified mortar as per specs. **PROCEDURE**

**SHOULD BE FOLLOWED ACCORDING TO PAGE 93-100 OF THE REPORT**



## BOQ FOR CRACKED STAIRCASE WITH STEEL BLOCK -B

### DATA (SLAB JACKETING)

Parameter	Value
AREA	$1.0 \times 6 \text{ m} = 6 \text{ m}^2$
BAR DIA	10MM
SPACING	100MM C/C
TOTAL PLASTER THICKNESS	20MM

### CALCULATE QUANTITY OF ADDITIONAL 10 MM BARS

Number of bars along 1.0m length

$$(1000/100)+1=11$$

Length of each bar =

6m

Total length of bars =

$$11 \times 6 = 66 \text{ m}$$

Weight of 10 mm dia steel =

0.620kg/m.

$$\text{Total steel} = 66 \times 0.62 = \sim 40.92 \text{ kg}$$

$$\text{Total steel} + 7\% \text{ wastage} = 44 \text{ Kg}$$

### PLASTER / JACKETING VOLUME

Total thickness = 20 mm = 0.02 m

$$\text{SO, Volume} = 6.0 \times 0.02 = 0.12 \text{ m}^3$$

S. No	Description	Qty	Unit	Numbers	Total Qty
1	Chiseling till sound concrete, extending min. 200 mm beyond corrosion	6	m <sup>2</sup>	2	12
2	Cleaning existing rebars and applying epoxy primer / corrosion inhibitor	6	m <sup>2</sup>	2	12
3	Welding additional 10 mm dia bars at 100 mm c/c both ways	44	kg	2	88
4	Applying epoxy bonding agent	6	m <sup>2</sup>	2	12
5	Plastering with PMM or rich cement mortar (1:3), 20 mm thick	0.12	m <sup>3</sup>	2	0.24
6	Protective anti-carbonation / waterproof coating	6	m <sup>2</sup>	2	12

PROCEDURE SHOULD BE FOLLOWED ACCORDING TO PAGE 114-115 OF THE REPORT

Visual picture





## BOQ FOR MODERATE CRACKS IN BEAMS BLOCK- B

### BEAM DETAILS

Parameter	Value
Beam type	Tie beam
Existing size	300 mm (W) × 450 mm (D)
Length	1.5 m
Sides to be treated	3 sides (bottom + 2 verticals)
Top face	Remains intact (supports wall/ slab)

### JACKETING & REINFORCEMENT DETAILS

S. No	Item Description	Qty	Unit	number of beams	total Qty
1	Surface preparation & cleaning (3 sides)	1.8	m <sup>2</sup>	13	23.4
2	Fixing chicken mesh (22 gauge, ½"x½") with nails & washers	1.8	m <sup>2</sup>	13	23.4
3	Application of polymer modified/ rich cement mortar (12 mm thick)	0.0216	m <sup>3</sup>	13	0.28
4	Curing and surface finishing after plastering	1.8	m <sup>2</sup>	13	23.4

#### CALCULATION DETAILS:

**Surface Area for Chicken Mesh & Plaster:** (for one beam)

Side 1 (vertical):  $0.45 \times 1.5 = 0.675 \text{ m}^2$

Side 2 (bottom):  $0.3 \times 1.5 = 0.45 \text{ m}^2$

Side 3 (vertical):  $0.45 \times 1.5 = 0.675 \text{ m}^2$

**Total Area:**  $0.675 + 0.45 + 0.675 = 1.8 \text{ m}^2$

**Mortar Volume** (12 mm = 0.012 m thickness):

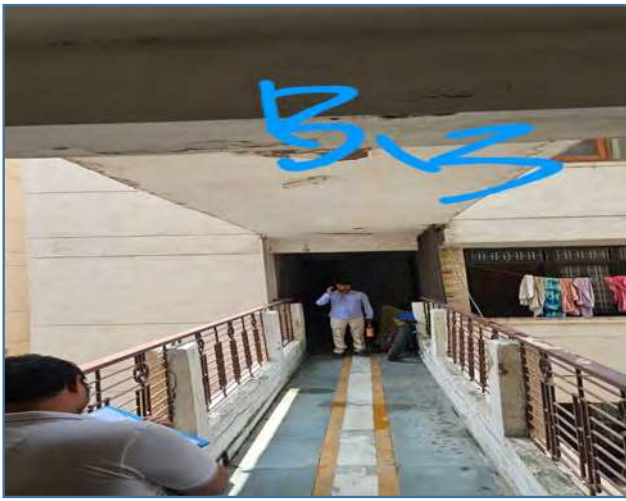
Volume=Area×Thickness=1.80×0.012=0.0216 m<sup>3</sup>

**PROCEDURE SHOULD BE FOLLOWED ACCORDING TO PAGE 93-100 OF THE REPORT**

#### PICTURES



SNAPS



## BOQ FOR MODERATE CRACKS IN BEAMS BLOCK- B

### BEAM DETAILS

Parameter	Value
Beam type	Tie beam
Existing size	300 mm (W) × 450 mm (D)
Length	1.0 m
Sides to be treated	3 sides (bottom + 2 verticals)
Top face	Remains intact (supports wall/ slab)

### JACKETING & REINFORCEMENT DETAILS

S. No	Item Description	Qty	Unit	number of beams	total Qty
1	Surface preparation & cleaning (3 sides)	1.8	m <sup>2</sup>	2	3.6
2	Fixing chicken mesh (22 gauge, ½"x½") with nails & washers	1.8	m <sup>2</sup>	2	3.6
3	Application of polymer modified/ rich cement mortar (12 mm thick)	0.0216	m <sup>3</sup>	2	0.0432
4	Curing and surface finishing after plastering	1.8	m <sup>2</sup>	2	3.6

#### CALCULATION DETAILS:

Surface Area for Chicken Mesh & Plaster: (for one beam)

Side 1 (vertical):  $0.45 \times 1.0 = 0.45 \text{ m}^2$

Side 2 (bottom):  $0.3 \times 1.0 = 0.30 \text{ m}^2$

Side 3 (vertical):  $0.45 \times 1.0 = 0.45 \text{ m}^2$

**Total Area:**  $0.45 + 0.30 + 0.45 = 1.2 \text{ m}^2$

**Mortar Volume** (12 mm = 0.012 m thickness):

Volume=Area×Thickness= $1.20 \times 0.012 = 0.0144 \text{ m}^3$

**PROCEDURE SHOULD BE FOLLOWED ACCORDING TO PAGE 93-100 OF THE REPORT**

#### PICTURES



## BOQ FOR MODERATE CRACKS IN BEAMS BLOCK- B BEAM

### DETAILS

Parameter	Value
Beam type	Tie beam
Existing size	300 mm (W) × 450 mm (D)
Length	2.0
Sides to be treated	m 1side (bottom only)

### JACKETING & REINFORCEMENT DETAILS

S. No	Item Description	Qty	Unit	number of beams	total Qty
1	Surface preparation & cleaning (3 sides)	0.6	m <sup>2</sup>	1	0.6
2	Application of polymer modified/ rich cement mortar (12 mm thick)	0.0072	m <sup>3</sup>	1	0.0072
3	Curing and surface finishing after plastering	0.6	m <sup>2</sup>	1	0.6

#### CALCULATION DETAILS:

**Surface Area for Chicken Mesh & Plaster:** (for one beam)

(bottom):  $0.3 \times 2.0 = 0.6 \text{ m}^2$

**Total Area: = 0.60 m<sup>2</sup>**

**Mortar Volume** (12 mm = 0.012 m thickness):

Volume=Area×Thickness= $0.6 \times 0.012 = 0.0072 \text{ m}^3$

**PROCEDURE SHOULD BE FOLLOWED ACCORDING TO PAGE 93-100 OF THE REPORT**

### SNAPS



## BOQ FOR MODERATE CRACKS IN BEAMS BLOCK- B BEAM

### DETAILS

Parameter	Value
Beam type	Tie beam
Existing size	300 mm (W) × 450 mm (D)
Length	3.0
Sides to be treated	m 1side (bottom only)

### JACKETING & REINFORCEMENT DETAILS

S. No	Item Description	Qty	Unit	number of beams	total Qty
1	Surface preparation & cleaning (3 sides)	0.9	m <sup>2</sup>	1	0.9
2	Application of polymer modified/ rich cement mortar (12 mm thick)	0.0108	m <sup>3</sup>	1	0.0108
3	Curing and surface finishing after plastering	0.9	m <sup>2</sup>	1	0.9

#### CALCULATION DETAILS:

Surface Area for Chicken Mesh & Plaster: (for one beam)

(bottom):  $0.3 \times 3.0 = 0.9 \text{ m}^2$

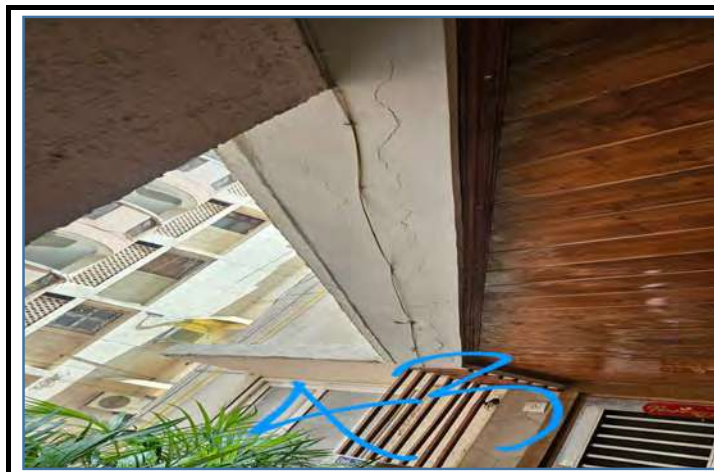
**Total Area: = 0.90 m<sup>2</sup>**

**Mortar Volume** (12 mm = 0.012 m thickness):

Volume=Area×Thickness= $0.9 \times 0.012 = 0.0108 \text{ m}^3$

**PROCEDURE SHOULD BE FOLLOWED ACCORDING TO PAGE 93-100 OF THE REPORT**

### SNAPS





## BOQ FOR MAJOR CRACKS IN BEAMS

### BEAM DETAILS

Parameter	Value
Beam type	Tie beam
Existing size	300X450MM
Length	1.5m
Sides to be treated	3 sides (bottom + two vertical sides)
Top face	Remains intact (supports wall/ slab)

### STRENGTHENING DETAILS

S. No	Item Description	Qty	Unit	number	total Qty
1	Surface preparation & chiseling (3 sides)	1.8	m <sup>2</sup>	1	1.8
2	12 mm dia bars welded (3 bars × 1.5 m = 4.5 m)	4.6	m <sup>2</sup>	1	4.6
3	8 mm U-type stirrups @150 mm c/c (11 Nos, 1.248 m each)	5.35	kg	1	5.35
4	Plastering with rich mortar/polymer (20 mm thick on 3 sides)	0.036	m <sup>3</sup>	1	0.036
5	Surface curing and finishing after plastering	1.8	m <sup>2</sup>	1	1.8

### CALCULATION DETAILS

#### Surface Area for Plaster (3 sides of beam):

Side 1 (vertical):  $0.45 \times 1.5 = 0.675 \text{ m}^2$

Side 2 (bottom):  $0.3 \times 1.5 = 0.45 \text{ m}^2$

Side 3 (vertical):  $0.45 \times 1.5 = 0.675 \text{ m}^2$

**Total Area:**  $0.675 + 0.45 + 0.675 = 1.8 \text{ m}^2$

#### Volume of Plaster:

Volume =  $1.8 \times 0.02 = 0.036 \text{ m}^3$

#### 12 mm Bars Weight:

$3 \text{ bars} \times 1.5 \text{ m} + (0.3 \text{ M}) = 4.8 \text{ m}$

Weight =  $0.888 \text{ kg/m} \times 4.8 \text{ m} = \sim 4.26 \text{ kg}$

(150MM INSERT IN BEAMS )

Total weight +7% wastage=4.6kg

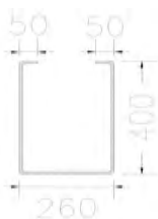
#### 8 mm Stirrup Weight (U-type):

Each stirrup = 1.16 m

No. of stirrups = 11

Total length = 12.76 m

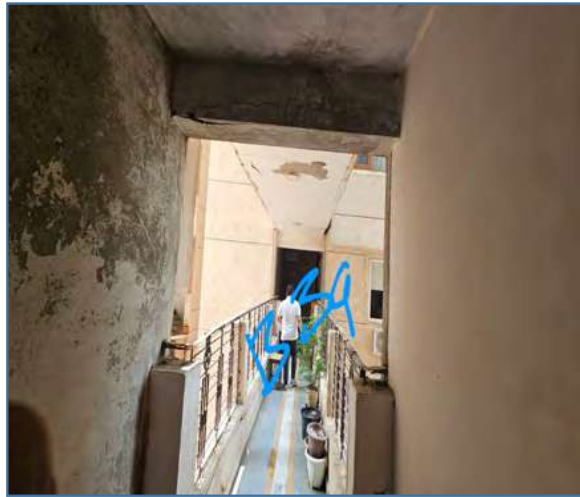
Weight =  $12.76 \times 0.395 = 5.0 \text{ kg}$



Total weight +7% wastage=5.35kg

**PROCEDURE SHOULD BE FOLLOWED ACCORDING PAGE 93-100 OF THE REPORT**

SNAPS



## BOQ FOR CRACKED PASSAGE AREA

Height = 300 mm = 0.3 m

Length = 6.0 m

Work is to be done on **both sides**

**Total Area:**

Area (one side)=6.0m×0.3m=1.8m<sup>2</sup>

Area (both sides)=1.8m<sup>2</sup>×2=3.6m<sup>2</sup>

Item No.	Description	Unit Quantity	Unit	Numbers	Total Quantity
1	Surface preparation: Chipping and cleaning cracked RCC wall (both sides)	3.6	m <sup>2</sup>	7	25.2
2	Supply & fixing of chicken mesh (22 gauge, ½" × ½") with nails & washers	3.6	m <sup>2</sup>	7	25.2
3	Application of polymer modified mortar / rich cement mortar (avg. 12mm thick)	0.0432	m <sup>3</sup>	7	0.3024
4	Curing and finishing of surface after repair	3.6	m <sup>2</sup>	7	25.2

**Chicken Mesh Required:** 3.6 m<sup>2</sup> (for one passage both side)

**Mortar Volume (approx.):**

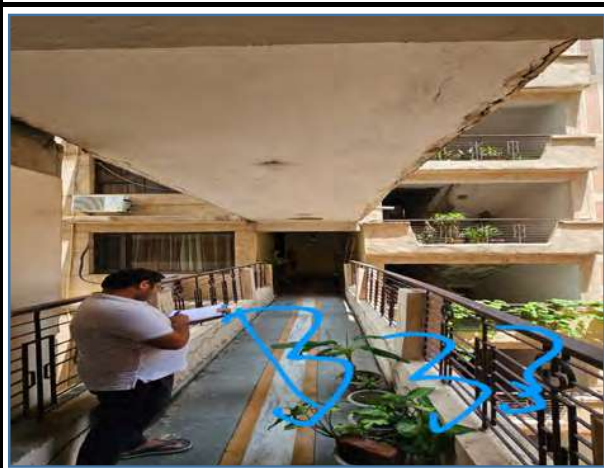
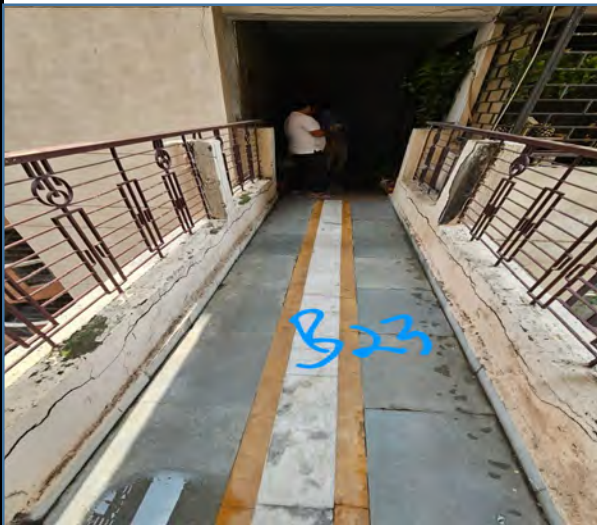
Volume=Area×Thickness=3.6m<sup>2</sup>×0.012m=0.0432m<sup>3</sup> (for one passage both side)

Cement & sand for rich mix (1:3) or polymer-modified mortar as per specs.

**PROCEDURE SHOULD BE FOLLOWED ACCORDING TO PAGE 93-100 OF THE REPORT**



SNAPS



## BOQ FOR PASSAGE AREA CRACKED (CEILING)

Width = 500 mm = 0.5 m Length = 6.0 m

Work is to be done on **both sides**

**Total Area:**

Area (one side) =  $6.0\text{m} \times 0.5\text{m} = 3.0\text{m}^2$

Area (both sides) =  $3\text{m}^2 \times 2 = 6.0\text{m}^2$

Item No.	Description	Unit Quantity	Unit	Numbers	Total Quantity
1	Surface preparation: Chipping and cleaning cracked RCC wall (both sides)	6	m <sup>2</sup>	7	42
2	Supply & fixing of chicken mesh (22 gauge, ½" × ½") with nails &	6	m <sup>2</sup>	7	42
3	Application of polymer modified mortar / rich cement mortar (avg. 12mm thick)	0.072	m <sup>3</sup>	7	0.504
4	Curing and finishing of surface after repair	6	m <sup>2</sup>	7	42

**Chicken Mesh Required:** 6 m<sup>2</sup> (for one passage roof both sides)

**Mortar Volume (approx.):**

Volume = Area × Thickness =  $6.0\text{m}^2 \times 0.012\text{m} = 0.072\text{m}^3$  (for one passage roof both sides)

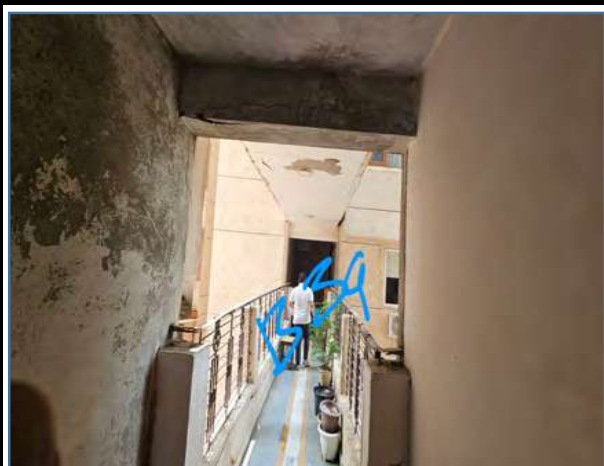
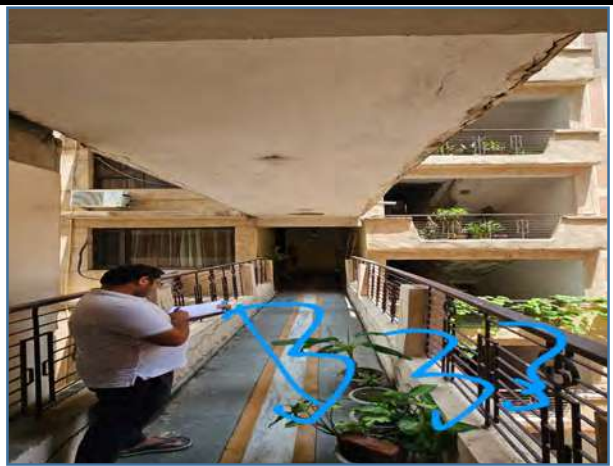
Cement & sand for rich mix (1:3) or polymer-modified mortar as per specs.

**PROCEDURE SHOULD BE FOLLOWED ACCORDING TO PAGE 93-100 OF THE REPORT**





SNAPS



## BOQ FOR PASSAGE AREA CRACKED (CEILING)

Width =1000 mm = 1.0 m Length  
= 1.5 m

Work is to be done on **both sides**

**Total Area:**

Area (one side)=1.0m×1.5m=1.5m<sup>2</sup>

Area (both sides)=1.5m<sup>2</sup>×2=3.0m<sup>2</sup>

Item No.	Description	Unit Quantity	Unit	Numbers	Total Quantity
1	Surface preparation: Chipping and cleaning cracked RCC wall (both sides)	3	m <sup>2</sup>	1	3
2	Supply & fixing of chicken mesh (22 gauge, ½" × ½") with nails & washers	3	m <sup>2</sup>	1	3
3	Application of polymer modified mortar / rich cement mortar (avg. 12mm thick)	0.036	m <sup>3</sup>	1	0.036
4	Curing and finishing of surface after repair	3	m <sup>2</sup>	1	3

**Chicken Mesh Required:** 3 m<sup>2</sup> (for one passage roof both sides)

**Mortar Volume (approx.):**

Volume=Area×Thickness=3.0m<sup>2</sup>×0.012m=0.036m<sup>3</sup> (for one passage roof both sides)

Cement & sand for rich mix (1:3) or polymer-modified mortar as per specs.

**PROCEDURE SHOULD BE FOLLOWED ACCORDING TO PAGE 93-100 OF THE REPORT**

**VISUAL PICTURES**



## BOQ FOR WALL CRACK STRENGTHENING (PLASTER)

### DETAILED CALCULATIONS

1- Treatment Area (H × W)= 2.0 m × 1.5 m = 3.0 m<sup>2</sup>

#### Volume of Mortar Required

$$\text{Volume} = \text{Area} \times \text{Thickness} = 3.0 \text{ m}^2 \times 0.012 \text{ m} = 0.036 \text{ m}^3$$

S. No	Description	Qty	Unit	Number of walls	Total Qty
1	Surface preparation (cleaning and chiseling the cracked wall surface)	3	m <sup>2</sup>	1	3
2	Application of rich cement mortar (12 mm thick)	0.036	m <sup>3</sup>	1	0.036
3	Curing and finishing after mortar application	3	m <sup>2</sup>	1	3

2- Treatment Area (H × W)= 2.5 m × 1.5 m = 3.75 m<sup>2</sup>

#### Volume of Mortar Required

$$\text{Volume} = \text{Area} \times \text{Thickness} = 3.75 \text{ m}^2 \times 0.012 \text{ m} = 0.045 \text{ m}^3$$

1	Surface preparation (cleaning and chiseling the cracked wall surface)	3.75	m <sup>2</sup>	1	3.75
2	Application of rich cement mortar (12 mm thick)	0.045	m <sup>3</sup>	1	0.045
3	Curing and finishing after mortar application	3.75	m <sup>2</sup>	1	3.75

3- Treatment Area (H × W)= 1.0 m × 0.5 m = 0.5 m<sup>2</sup>

#### Volume of Mortar Required

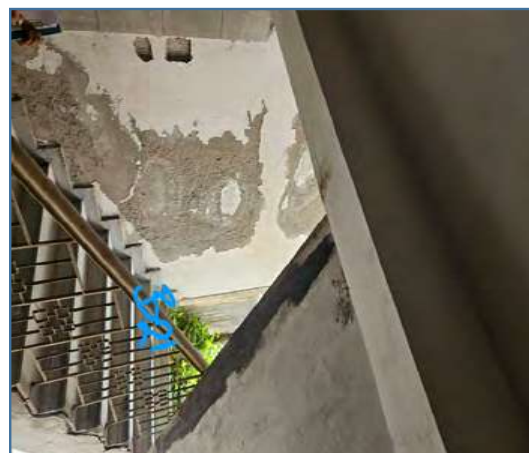
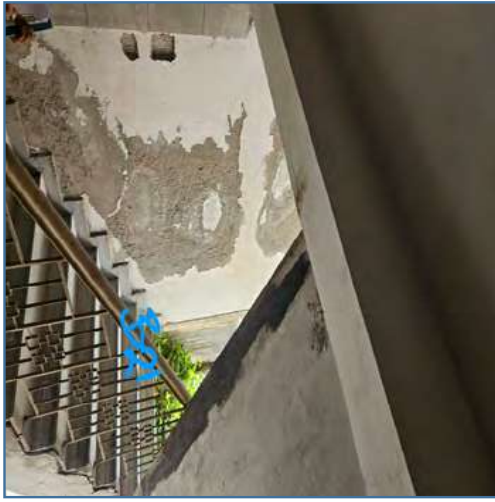
$$\text{Volume} = \text{Area} \times \text{Thickness} = 0.5 \text{ m}^2 \times 0.012 \text{ m} = 0.006 \text{ m}^3$$

S. No	Description	Qty	Unit	Number	Total Qty
1	Surface preparation (cleaning and chiseling the cracked wall surface)	0.5	m <sup>2</sup>	1	0.5
2	Application of rich cement mortar (12 mm thick)	0.006	m <sup>3</sup>	1	0.006
3	Curing and finishing after mortar application	0.5	m <sup>2</sup>	1	0.5

PROCEDURE SHOULD BE FOLLOWED ACCORDING TO PAGE 93-100 OF THE REPORT



SNAPS



## BOQ FOR BALCONY WALL CRACK STRENGTHENING

### DETAILED CALCULATIONS

$$\text{Treatment Area (H} \times \text{W)} = 3.0 \text{ m} \times 1.5 \text{ m} = 4.5 \text{ m}^2$$

#### Volume of Mortar Required

$$\text{Volume} = \text{Area} \times \text{Thickness} = 4.5 \text{ m}^2 \times 0.012 \text{ m} = 0.054 \text{ m}^3$$

S. No	Description	Qty	Unit	Number of walls	Total Qty
1	Surface preparation (cleaning and chiseling the cracked wall surface)	4.5	m <sup>2</sup>	1	4.5
2	Application of rich cement mortar (12 mm thick)	0.054	m <sup>3</sup>	1	0.054
3	Curing and finishing after mortar application	4.5	m <sup>2</sup>	1	4.5

## BOQ FOR WALL CRACK STRENGTHENING

### DETAILED CALCULATIONS

$$\text{Treatment Area (H} \times \text{W)} = 1.0 \text{ m} \times 0.5 \text{ m} = 0.5 \text{ m}^2$$

#### Volume of Mortar Required

$$\text{Volume} = \text{Area} \times \text{Thickness} = 0.5 \text{ m}^2 \times 0.012 \text{ m} = 0.006 \text{ m}^3$$

S. No	Description	Qty	Unit	Number of walls	Total Qty
1	Surface preparation (cleaning and chiseling the cracked wall surface)	0.5	m <sup>2</sup>	5	2.5
2	Application of rich cement mortar (12 mm thick)	0.006	m <sup>3</sup>	5	0.03
3	Curing and finishing after mortar application	0.5	m <sup>2</sup>	5	2.5



PROCEDURE SHOULD BE FOLLOWED ACCORDING TO PAGE 93-100 OF THE REPORT



## BOQ FOR WALL CRACK STRENGTHENING (Miscellaneous)

### DETAILED CALCULATIONS

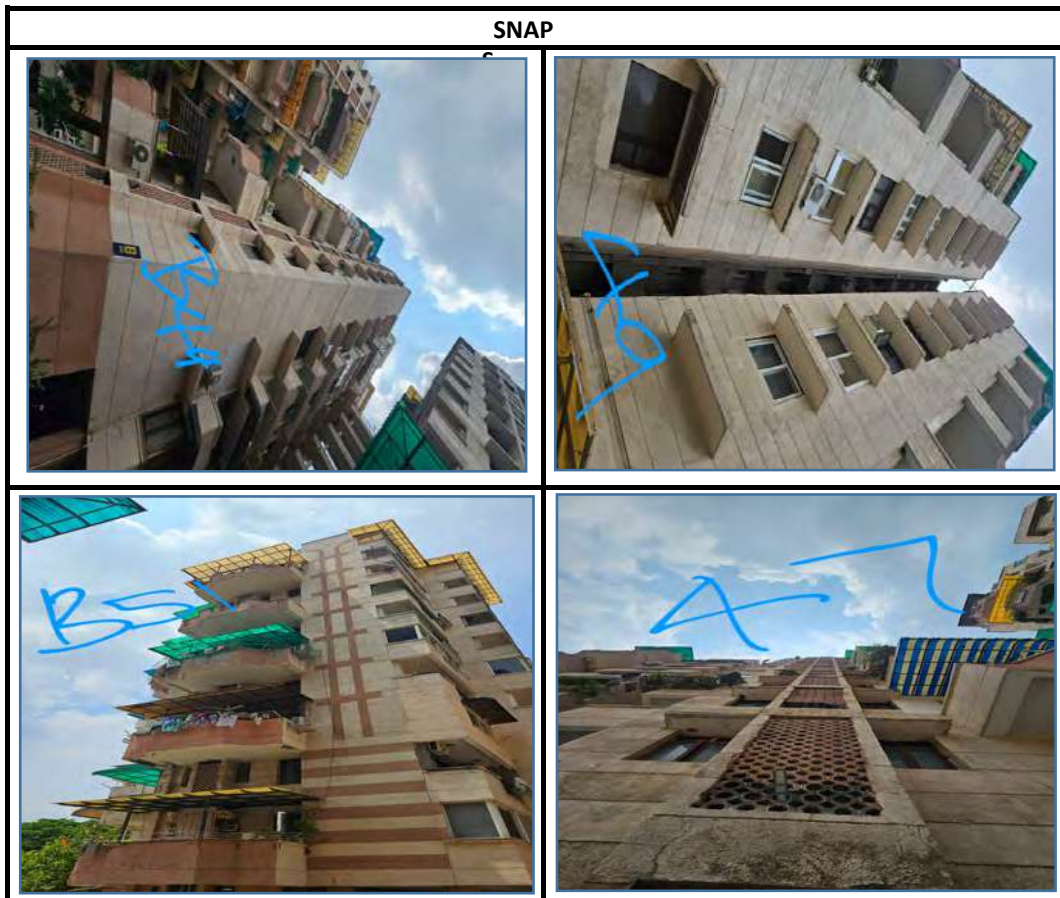
$$\text{Treatment Area (H} \times \text{W)} = 1.0 \text{ m} \times 1.0 \text{ m} = 1.0 \text{ m}^2$$

#### Volume of Mortar Required

$$\text{Volume} = \text{Area} \times \text{Thickness} = 1.0 \text{ m}^2 \times 0.012 \text{ m} = 0.012 \text{ m}^3$$

S. No	Description	Qty	Unit	Number of walls	Total Qty
1	Surface preparation (cleaning and chiseling the cracked wall surface)	1	m <sup>2</sup>	8	8
2	Application of rich cement mortar (12 mm thick)	0.012	m <sup>3</sup>	8	0.096
3	Curing and finishing after mortar application	1	m <sup>2</sup>	8	8

PROCEDURE SHOULD BE FOLLOWED ACCORDING TO PAGE 93-100 OF THE REPORT



## BOQ FOR WALL CRACK STRENGTHENING

### DETAILED CALCULATIONS

$$\text{Treatment Area (H} \times \text{W)} = 3.0 \text{ m} \times 0.3 \text{ m} = 0.9 \text{ m}^2$$

#### Volume of Mortar Required

$$\text{Volume} = \text{Area} \times \text{Thickness} = 0.9 \text{ m}^2 \times 0.012 \text{ m} = 0.0108 \text{ m}^3$$

S. No	Description	Qty	Unit	Number of walls	Total Qty
1	Surface preparation (cleaning and chiseling the cracked wall surface)	0.9	m <sup>2</sup>	1	0.9
2	Application of rich cement mortar (12 mm thick)	0.0108	m <sup>3</sup>	1	0.0108
3	Supply & fixing of chicken mesh (22 gauge, ½" × ½") with nails & washers	0.9	m <sup>2</sup>	1	0.9
4	Curing and finishing after mortar application	0.9	m <sup>2</sup>	1	0.9

PROCEDURE SHOULD BE FOLLOWED ACCORDING TO PAGE 93-100 OF THE REPORT



## BOQ FOR CRACKED BALCONY STRENGTHENING

### DETAILED CALCULATIONS

$$\text{Treatment Area (H} \times \text{W)} = 3.0 \text{ m} \times 0.5 \text{ m} = 1.5 \text{ m}^2$$

#### Volume of Mortar Required

$$\text{Volume} = \text{Area} \times \text{Thickness} = 1.5 \text{ m}^2 \times 0.012 \text{ m} = 0.018 \text{ m}^3$$

S. No	Description	Qty	Unit	Number of walls	Total Qty
1	Surface preparation (cleaning and chiseling the cracked wall surface)	1.5	m <sup>2</sup>	1	0.9
2	Application of rich cement mortar (12 mm thick)	0.018	m <sup>3</sup>	1	0.0108
3	Supply & fixing of chicken mesh (22 gauge, ½" × ½") with nails & washers	1.5	m <sup>2</sup>	1	0.9
4	Curing and finishing after mortar application	1.5	m <sup>2</sup>	1	0.9

PROCEDURE SHOULD BE FOLLOWED ACCORDING TO PAGE 93-100 OF THE REPORT

SNAPS



## BOQ FOR CRACKED PROJECTION PART STRENGTHENING

### DETAILED CALCULATIONS

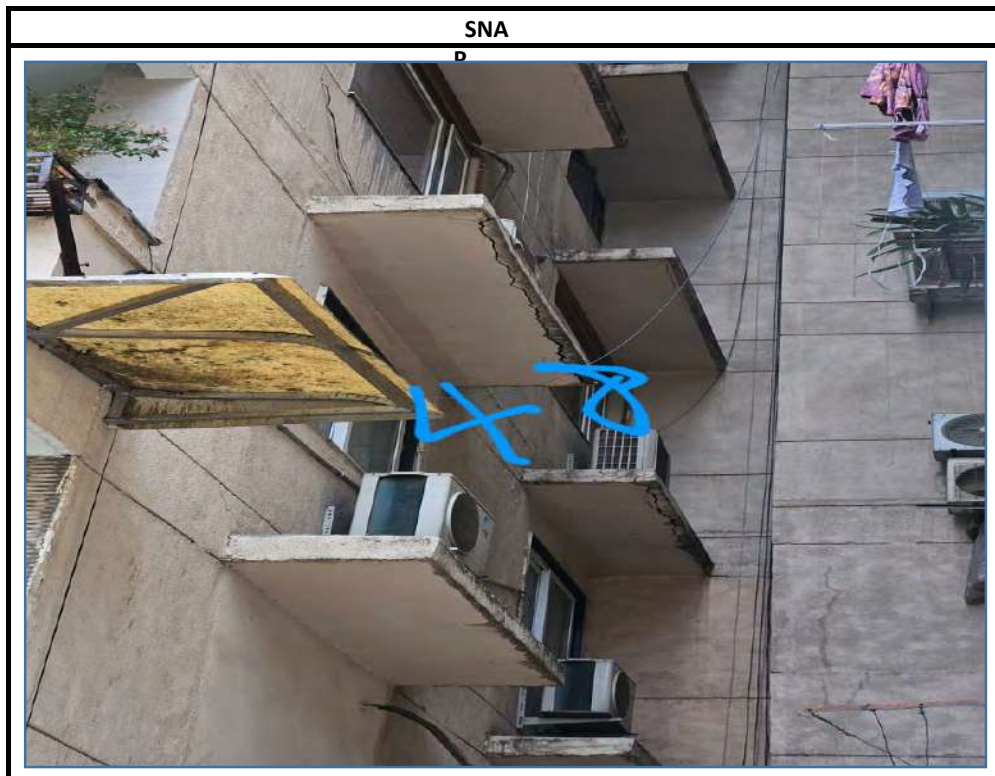
$$\text{Treatment Area (H} \times \text{W)} = 2.0 \text{ m} \times 0.5 \text{ m} = 1.0 \text{ m}^2$$

#### Volume of Mortar Required

$$\text{Volume} = \text{Area} \times \text{Thickness} = 1.0 \text{ m}^2 \times 0.012 \text{ m} = 0.012 \text{ m}^3$$

S. No	Description	Qty	Unit	Number of walls	Total Qty
1	Surface preparation (cleaning and chiseling the cracked wall surface)	1	m <sup>2</sup>	2	2
2	Application of rich cement mortar (12 mm thick)	0.012	m <sup>3</sup>	2	0.0108
3	Supply & fixing of chicken mesh (22 gauge, ½" × ½") with nails & washers	1	m <sup>2</sup>	2	2
4	Curing and finishing after mortar application	1	m <sup>2</sup>	2	2

PROCEDURE SHOULD BE FOLLOWED ACCORDING TO PAGE 93-100 OF THE REPORT



KUNJ VIHAR CGHS LTD

# **BOQ REPORT**

**BLOCK -C**



## BOQ FOR CRACKED BEAMS BLOCK -C

**WIDTH = 300 mm = 0.3 m**

**Length = 3.0 m**

**Total Area:**

$$\text{Area} = 3.0\text{m} \times 0.3\text{m} = 0.9\text{m}^2$$

Item No.	Description	Unit Quantity	Unit	Numbers	Total Quantity
1	Surface preparation: Chipping and cleaning cracked	0.9	m <sup>2</sup>	1	0.9
2	Supply & fixing of chicken mesh (22 gauge, ½" × ½") with nails & washers	0.9	m <sup>2</sup>	1	0.9
3	Application of polymer modified mortar / rich cement mortar (avg. 12mm thick)	0.0108	m <sup>3</sup>	1	0.0108
4	Curing and finishing of surface after repair	0.9	m <sup>2</sup>	1	0.9

**Chicken Mesh Required:** 0.9 m<sup>2</sup> (For one beam)

**Mortar Volume (approx.):**

$$\text{Volume} = \text{Area} \times \text{Thickness} = 0.9\text{m}^2 \times 0.012\text{m} = 0.0108\text{m}^3 \quad (\text{For one beam})$$

Cement & sand for rich mix (1:3) or polymer-modified mortar as per specs.

**PROCEDURE SHOULD BE FOLLOWED ACCORDING TO PAGE 93-100 OF THE REPORT**

### VISUAL PICTURES



## BOQ FOR CRACKED CEILING BLOCK -C

WIDTH = 1000 mm = 1.0 m

Length = 1.5 m

Total Area:

$$\text{Area} = 1.0\text{m} \times 1.5\text{m} = 1.5\text{m}^2$$

Item No.	Description	Unit Quantity	Unit	Numbers	Total Quantity
1	Surface preparation: Chipping and cleaning cracked	1.5	m <sup>2</sup>	2	3
2	Supply & fixing of chicken mesh (22 gauge, ½" × ½") with nails & washers	1.5	m <sup>2</sup>	2	3
3	Application of polymer modified mortar / rich cement mortar (avg. 10mm thick)	0.015	m <sup>3</sup>	2	0.03
4	Curing and finishing of surface after repair	1.5	m <sup>2</sup>	2	3

**Mortar Volume (approx.):**

$$\text{Volume} = \text{Area} \times \text{Thickness} = 1.5\text{m}^2 \times 0.010\text{m} = 0.015\text{m}^3 \quad (\text{for one slab})$$

Cement & sand for rich mix (1:3) or polymer-modified mortar as per specs.

**PROCEDURE SHOULD BE FOLLOWED ACCORDING TO PAGE 93-100 OF THE REPORT**

### VISUAL PICTURES



## BOQ FOR CRACKED CEILING BLOCK -C

WIDTH = 1000 mm = 1.0 m

Length = 1.5 m

Total Area:

$$\text{Area} = 1.0\text{m} \times 1.5\text{m} = 1.5\text{m}^2$$

Item No.	Description	Unit Quantity	Unit	Numbers	Total Quantity
1	Surface preparation: Chipping and cleaning cracked	1.5	m <sup>2</sup>	1	1.5
2	Application of polymer modified mortar / rich cement mortar (avg. 10mm thick)	0.015	m <sup>3</sup>	1	0.015
3	Curing and finishing of surface after repair	1.5	m <sup>2</sup>	1	1.5

**Mortar Volume (approx.):**

$$\text{Volume} = \text{Area} \times \text{Thickness} = 1.5\text{m}^2 \times 0.010\text{m} = 0.015\text{m}^3 \quad (\text{for one slab})$$

Cement & sand for rich mix (1:3) or polymer-modified mortar as per specs.

**PROCEDURE SHOULD BE FOLLOWED ACCORDING TO PAGE 93-100 OF THE REPORT**

### VISUAL PICTURES



## BOQ FOR CRACKED CEILING BLOCK -C

WIDTH = 1000 mm = 1.0 m

Length = 3.0 m

Total Area:

$$\text{Area} = 1.0\text{m} \times 3.0\text{m} = 3.0\text{m}^2$$

Item No.	Description	Unit Quantity	Unit	Numbers	Total Quantity
1	Surface preparation: Chipping and cleaning cracked	3	m <sup>2</sup>	1	1.5
2	Application of polymer modified mortar / rich cement mortar (avg. 10mm thick)	0.03	m <sup>3</sup>	1	0.03
3	Curing and finishing of surface after repair	3	m <sup>2</sup>	1	1.5

**Mortar Volume (approx.):**

$$\text{Volume} = \text{Area} \times \text{Thickness} = 3.0\text{m}^2 \times 0.010\text{m} = 0.030\text{m}^3 \quad (\text{for one slab})$$

Cement & sand for rich mix (1:3) or polymer-modified mortar as per specs.

**PROCEDURE SHOULD BE FOLLOWED ACCORDING TO PAGE 93-100 OF THE REPORT**

### VISUAL PICTURES



## BOQ FOR CRACKED STAIRCASE BLOCK -c

WIDTH = 1500 mm = 1.5 m

Length = 3.0 m

Total Area:

$$\text{Area} = 1.5\text{m} \times 3.0\text{m} = 4.5\text{m}^2$$

Item No.	Description	Unit Quantity	Unit	Numbers	Total Quantity
1	Surface preparation: Chipping and cleaning cracked	4.5	m <sup>2</sup>	3	13.5
2	Supply & fixing of chicken mesh (22 gauge, ½" × ½") with nails & washers	4.5	m <sup>2</sup>	3	13.5
3	Application of polymer modified mortar / rich cement mortar (avg. 12mm thick)	0.054	m <sup>3</sup>	3	0.162
4	Curing and finishing of surface after repair	4.5	m <sup>2</sup>	3	13.5

Chicken Mesh Required: 4.5 m<sup>2</sup> (For one stair)

Mortar Volume (approx.):

$$\text{Volume} = \text{Area} \times \text{Thickness} = 4.5\text{m}^2 \times 0.012\text{m} = 0.054\text{m}^3 \quad (\text{For one stair})$$

Cement & sand for rich mix (1:3) or polymer-modified mortar as per specs.

**PROCEDURE SHOULD BE FOLLOWED ACCORDING TO PAGE 93-100 OF THE**

**REPORT**

SNAPS





## BOQ FOR CRACKED STRAIRCASE BLOCK -C

WIDTH = 1000 mm = 1 m

Length = 3.0 m

Total Area:

$$\text{Area} = 1\text{m} \times 3.0\text{m} = 3\text{m}^2$$

Item No.	Description	Unit Quantity	Unit	Numbers	Total Quantity
1	Surface preparation: Chipping and cleaning cracked	3	m <sup>2</sup>	12	36
2	Supply & fixing of chicken mesh (22 gauge, ½" × ½") with nails & washers	3	m <sup>2</sup>	12	36
3	Application of polymer modified mortar / rich cement mortar (avg. 12mm thick)	0.036	m <sup>3</sup>	12	0.432
4	Curing and finishing of surface after repair	3	m <sup>2</sup>	12	36

Chicken Mesh Required: 3 m<sup>2</sup> (For one stair)

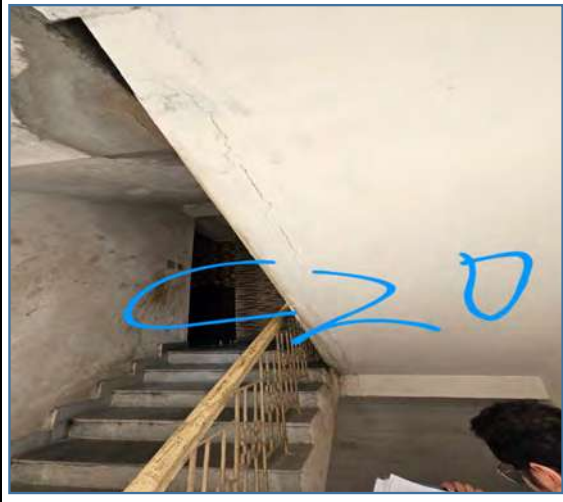
Mortar Volume (approx.):

$$\text{Volume} = \text{Area} \times \text{Thickness} = 3\text{m}^2 \times 0.012\text{m} = 0.036\text{m}^3 \quad (\text{For one stair})$$

Cement & sand for rich mix (1:3) or polymer-modified mortar as per specs.

**PROCEDURE SHOULD BE FOLLOWED ACCORDING TO PAGE 93-100 OF REPORT THE REPORT**

SNAPS



SNAPS



## BOQ FOR CRACKED STAIRCASE WITH STEEL BLOCK -C

### DATA (SLAB JACKETING)

Parameter	Value
AREA	$1.5 \times 6 \text{ m} = 9 \text{ m}^2$
BAR DIA	10MM
SPACING	100MM C/C
TOTAL PLATER THICKNESS	20MM

### CALCULATE QUANTITY OF ADDITIONAL 10 MM BARS

Number of bars along 1.5m length

$$(1500/100)+1=16$$

Length of each bar =

6m

Total length of bars =

$$16 \times 6 = 96 \text{ m}$$

Weight of 10 mm dia steel =

0.620kg/m.

$$\text{Total steel} = 96 \times 0.62 = \sim 59.52 \text{ kg}$$

$$\text{Total steel} + 7\% \text{ wastage} = 64 \text{ Kg}$$

### PLASTER / JACKETING VOLUME

Total thickness = 20 mm = 0.02 m

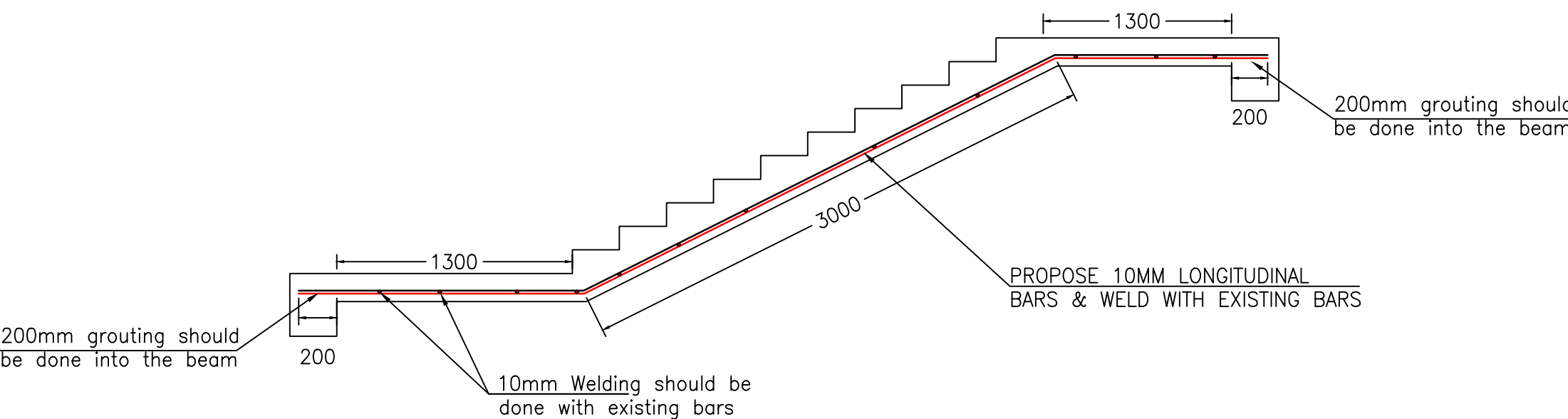
$$\text{SO, Volume} = 9.0 \times 0.02 = 0.18 \text{ m}^3$$

S. No	Description	Qty	Unit	Numbers	Total Qty
1	Chiseling till sound concrete, extending min. 200 mm beyond corrosion	9	m <sup>2</sup>	1	9
2	Cleaning existing rebars and applying epoxy primer / corrosion inhibitor	9	m <sup>2</sup>	1	9
3	Welding additional 10 mm dia bars at 100 mm c/c both ways	64	kg	1	64
4	Applying epoxy bonding agent	9	m <sup>2</sup>	1	9
5	Plastering with PMM or rich cement mortar (1:3), 20 mm thick	0.18	m <sup>3</sup>	1	0.18
6	Protective anti-carbonation / waterproof coating	9	m <sup>2</sup>	1	9

PROCEDURE SHOULD BE FOLLOWED ACCORDING TO PAGE 93-100 OF THE REPORT

Visual picture







## BOQ FOR CRACKED STRAIRCASE WITH STEEL BLOCK -C

### DATA (SLAB JACKETING)

Parameter	Value
AREA	$1.5 \times 6 \text{ m} = 9 \text{ m}^2$
BAR DIA	10MM
SPACING	100MM C/C
TOTAL PLATER THICKNESS	20MM

### CALCULATE QUANTITY OF ADDITIONAL 10 MM BARS

Number of bars along 1.5m length

$$(1500/100)+1=16$$

Length of each bar =

6m

Total length of bars =

$$16 \times 6 = 96 \text{ m}$$

Weight of 10 mm dia steel =

$$0.620 \text{ kg/m.}$$

$$\text{Total steel} = 96 \times 0.62 = \sim 59.52 \text{ kg}$$

$$\text{Total steel} + 7\% \text{ wastage} = 64 \text{ Kg}$$

### PLASTER / JACKETING VOLUME

Total thickness = 20 mm = 0.02 m

$$\text{SO, Volume} = 9.0 \times 0.02 = 0.18 \text{ m}^3$$

S. No	Description	Qty	Unit	Numbers	Total Qty
1	Chiseling till sound concrete, extending min. 200 mm beyond corrosion	9	m <sup>2</sup>	1	9
2	Cleaning existing rebars and applying epoxy primer / corrosion inhibitor	9	m <sup>2</sup>	1	9
3	Supply & fixing of chicken mesh (22 gauge, ½" × ½") with nails & washers	9	m <sup>2</sup>	1	9
4	Welding additional 10 mm dia bars at 100 mm c/c both ways	64	kg	1	64
5	Applying epoxy bonding agent	9	m <sup>2</sup>	1	9
6	Plastering with PMM or rich cement mortar (1:3), 20 mm thick	0.18	m <sup>3</sup>	1	0.18
7	Protective anti-carbonation / waterproof coating	9	m <sup>2</sup>	1	9

**PROCEDURE SHOULD BE FOLLOWED ACCORDING TO PAGE 93-100 OF THE REPORT**

Visual picture



## BOQ FOR MODERATE CRACKS IN BEAMS BLOCK- C

### BEAM DETAILS

Parameter	Value
Beam type	Tie beam
Existing size	300 mm (W) × 450 mm (D)
Length	1.5 m
Sides to be treated	3 sides (bottom + 2 verticals)
Top face	Remains intact (supports wall/ slab)

### JACKETING & REINFORCEMENT DETAILS

S. No	Item Description	Qty	Unit	number of beams	total Qty
1	Surface preparation & cleaning (3 sides)	1.8	m <sup>2</sup>	4	7.2
2	Fixing chicken mesh (22 gauge, ½"x½") with nails & washers	1.8	m <sup>2</sup>	4	7.2
3	Application of polymer modified/ rich cement mortar (12 mm thick)	0.0216	m <sup>3</sup>	4	0.0864
4	Curing and surface finishing after plastering	1.8	m <sup>2</sup>	4	7.2

#### CALCULATION DETAILS:

**Surface Area for Chicken Mesh & Plaster:** (for one beam)

Side 1 (vertical):  $0.45 \times 1.5 = 0.675 \text{ m}^2$

Side 2 (bottom):  $0.3 \times 1.5 = 0.45 \text{ m}^2$

Side 3 (vertical):  $0.45 \times 1.5 = 0.675 \text{ m}^2$

**Total Area:**  $0.675 + 0.45 + 0.675 = 1.8 \text{ m}^2$

**Mortar Volume** (12 mm = 0.012 m thickness):

Volume=Area×Thickness= $1.80 \times 0.012 = 0.0216 \text{ m}^3$

**PROCEDURE SHOULD BE FOLLOWED ACCORDING TO PAGE 93-100 OF THE REPORT**

SNAPS



## BOQ FOR MODERATE CRACKS IN BEAMS BLOCK- C

### BEAM DETAILS

Parameter	Value
Beam type	Tie beam
Existing size	300 mm (W) × 450 mm (D)
Length	3.0 m
Sides to be treated	3 sides (bottom + 2 verticals)
Top face	Remains intact (supports wall/ slab)

### JACKETING & REINFORCEMENT DETAILS

S. No	Item Description	Qty	Unit	number of beams	total Qty
1	Surface preparation & cleaning (3 sides)	3.6	m <sup>2</sup>	4	14.4
2	Fixing chicken mesh (22 gauge, ½"x½") with nails & washers	3.6	m <sup>2</sup>	4	14.4
3	Application of polymer modified/ rich cement mortar (12 mm thick)	0.0432	m <sup>3</sup>	4	0.1728
4	Curing and surface finishing after plastering	3.6	m <sup>2</sup>	4	14.4

#### CALCULATION DETAILS:

**Surface Area for Chicken Mesh & Plaster:** (for one beam)

Side 1 (vertical):  $0.45 \times 3.0 = 1.35 \text{ m}^2$

Side 2 (bottom):  $0.3 \times 3.0 = 0.90 \text{ m}^2$

Side 3 (vertical):  $0.45 \times 3.0 = 1.35 \text{ m}^2$

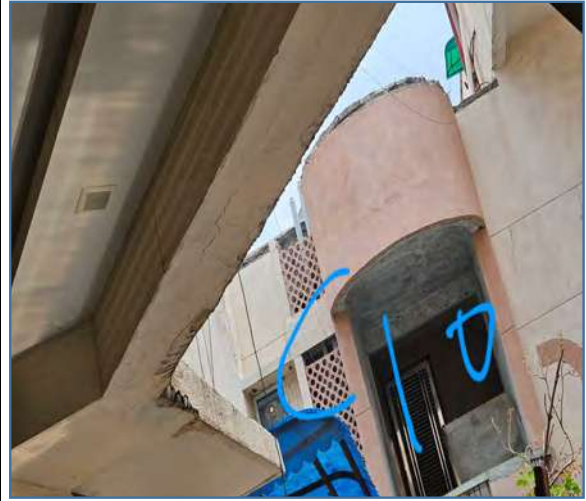
**Total Area:**  $1.35 + 0.90 + 1.35 = 3.6 \text{ m}^2$

**Mortar Volume** (12 mm = 0.012 m thickness):

Volume=Area×Thickness= $3.60 \times 0.012 = 0.0432 \text{ m}^3$

**PROCEDURE SHOULD BE FOLLOWED ACCORDING TO PAGE 93-100 OF THE REPORT**







## BOQ FOR MAJOR CRACKS IN BEAMS

### BEAM DETAILS

Parameter	Value
Beam type	Tie beam
Existing size	300X450MM
Length	1.5m
Sides to be treated	3 sides (bottom + two vertical sides)
Top face	Remains intact (supports wall/ slab)

### STRENGTHENING DETAILS

S. No	Item Description	Qty	Unit	number	total Qty
1	Surface preparation & chiseling (3 sides)	1.8	m <sup>2</sup>	8	14.4
2	12 mm dia bars welded (3 bars × 1.5 m = 4.5 m)	4.6	m <sup>2</sup>	8	36.8
3	8 mm U-type stirrups @150 mm c/c (11 Nos, 1.248 m each)	5.35	kg	8	42.8
4	Plastering with rich mortar/polymer (20 mm thick on 3 sides)	0.036	m <sup>3</sup>	8	0.288
5	Surface curing and finishing after plastering	1.8	m <sup>2</sup>	8	14.4

### CALCULATION DETAILS

#### Surface Area for Plaster (3 sides of beam):

Side 1 (vertical):  $0.45 \times 1.5 = 0.675 \text{ m}^2$

Side 2 (bottom):  $0.3 \times 1.5 = 0.45 \text{ m}^2$

Side 3 (vertical):  $0.45 \times 1.5 = 0.675 \text{ m}^2$

**Total Area:**  $0.675 + 0.45 + 0.675 = 1.8 \text{ m}^2$

#### Volume of Plaster:

Volume =  $1.8 \times 0.02 = 0.036 \text{ m}^3$

#### 12 mm Bars Weight:

3 bars × 1.5 m + (0.3M) = 4.8 m

Weight =  $0.888 \text{ kg/m} \times 4.8 \text{ m} = \sim 4.26 \text{ kg}$

(150MM INSERT IN BEAMS BOTH SIDE )  
Total weight +7% wastage=4.6kg

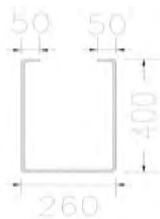
#### 8 mm Stirrup Weight (U-type):

Each stirrup = 1.16 m

No. of stirrups = 11

Total length = 12.76 m

Weight =  $12.76 \times 0.395 = 5.0 \text{ kg}$



Total weight +7% wastage=5.35kg

**PROCEDURE SHOULD BE FOLLOWED ACCORDING TO PAGE 93-100 OF REPORT**

SNAPS



## BOQ FOR PASSAGE AREA CRACKED

Height = 300 mm = 0.3 m

Length = 6.0 m

Work is to be done on **both sides**

**Total Area:**

Area (one side)=6.0m×0.3m=1.8m<sup>2</sup>

Area (both sides)=1.8m<sup>2</sup>×2=3.6m<sup>2</sup>

Item No.	Description	Unit Quantity	Unit	Numbers	Total Quantity
1	Surface preparation: Chipping and cleaning cracked RCC wall (both sides)	3.6	m <sup>2</sup>	5	18
2	Supply & fixing of chicken mesh (22 gauge, ½" × ½") with nails & washers	3.6	m <sup>2</sup>	5	18
3	Application of polymer modified mortar / rich cement mortar (avg. 12mm thick)	0.0432	m <sup>3</sup>	5	0.216
4	Curing and finishing of surface after repair	3.6	m <sup>2</sup>	5	18

**Chicken Mesh Required:** 3.6 m<sup>2</sup> (for one passage both side)

**Mortar Volume (approx.):**

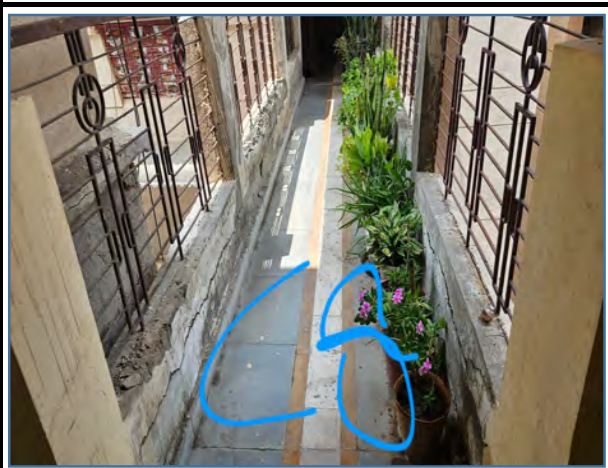
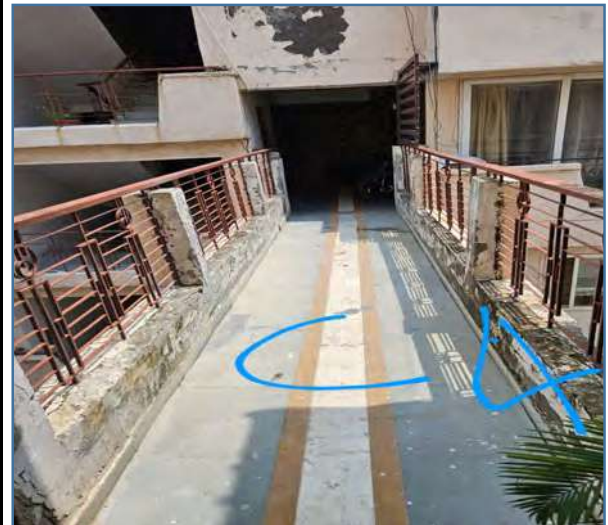
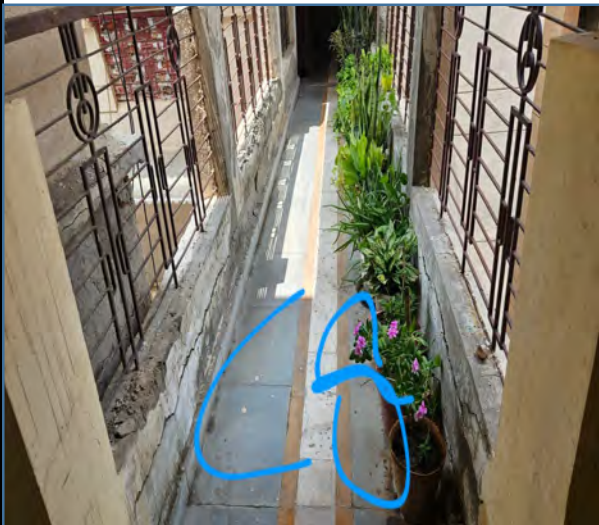
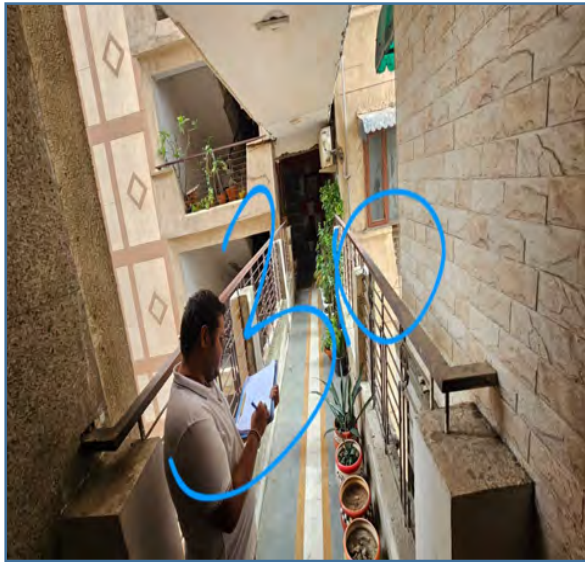
Volume=Area×Thickness=3.6m<sup>2</sup>×0.012m=0.0432m<sup>3</sup> (for one passage both side)

Cement & sand for rich mix (1:3) or polymer-modified mortar as per specs.

**PROCEDURE SHOULD BE FOLLOWED ACCORDING TO PAGE 93-100 OF THE REPORT**



SNAPS



## BOQ FOR PASSAGE AREA CRACKED (CEILING)

Width =500 mm = 0.5 m

Length = 6.0 m

Work is to be done on **both sides**

**Total Area:**

Area (one side)=6.0m×0.5m=3.0m<sup>2</sup>

Area (both sides)=3m<sup>2</sup>×2=6.0m<sup>2</sup>

Item No.	Description	Unit Quantity	Unit	Numbers	Total Quantity
1	Surface preparation: Chipping and cleaning cracked RCC wall (both sides)	6	m <sup>2</sup>	3	36
2	Supply & fixing of chicken mesh (22 gauge, ½" × ½") with nails & washers	6	m <sup>2</sup>	3	36
3	Application of polymer modified mortar / rich cement mortar (avg. 12mm thick)	0.072	m <sup>3</sup>	3	0.216
4	Curing and finishing of surface after repair	6	m <sup>2</sup>	3	36

**Chicken Mesh Required:** 6 m<sup>2</sup> (for one passage roof both sides)

**Mortar Volume (approx.):**

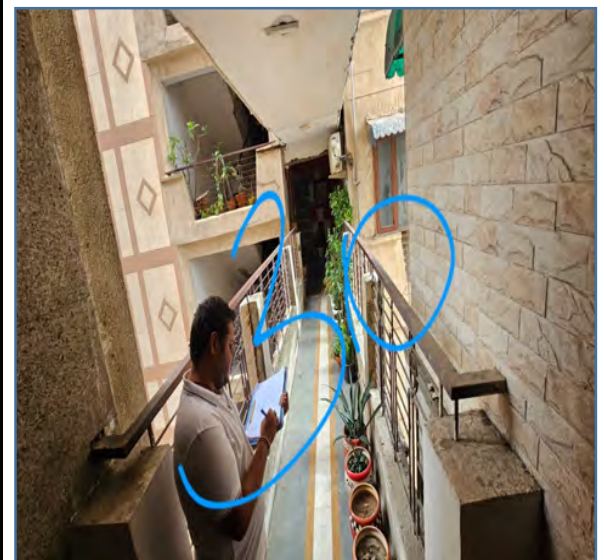
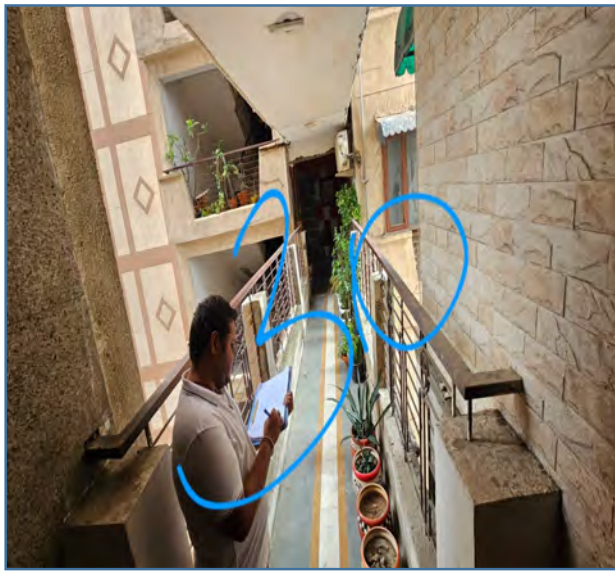
Volume=Area×Thickness=6.0m<sup>2</sup>×0.012m=0.072m<sup>3</sup> (for one passage roof both sides)

Cement & sand for rich mix (1:3) or polymer-modified mortar as per specs.

**PROCEDURE SHOULD BE FOLLOWED ACCORDING TO PAGE 93-100 OF THE REPORT**



SNAPS



## BOQ FOR PASSAGE AREA CRACKED (CEILING)

Width =1500 mm = 1.5 m

Length = 6.0 m

Total Area:

$$\text{Area} = 1.5\text{m} \times 6.0\text{m} = 9.0\text{m}^2$$

Bar Length:

$$2 \text{ bars per side} \times 6.0 \text{ m} = 12.0 \text{ m}$$

$$\text{Total Steel Required} = 6.30 \text{ m} \times 4 \text{ bars} = 25.20 \text{ Rmt} = 25.2 \times 0.395 = 10\text{Kg Each end}$$

$$\text{anchoring: } 150 \text{ mm} \times 2 \text{ ends} = 0.3 \text{ m/bar} \rightarrow \text{already included}$$

Chicken Mesh Required: 9 m<sup>2</sup>

Mortar Volume (approx.):

$$\text{Volume} = \text{Area} \times \text{Thickness} = 9.0\text{m}^2 \times 0.020\text{m} = 0.18\text{m}^3$$

Item No.	Description	Unit Quantity	Unit	Numbers	Total Quantity
1	Surface preparation: 1 Chipping & cleaning of	9	m <sup>2</sup>	1	9
2	Welding & fixing of 8 mm dia bars, 2 bars per side , with 150 mm anchoring at ends	25.2	Rmt	1	25.2 or (11kg)
3	Drilling and inserting anchor rods with Hilti chemical anchors (for 4 mm bars, both ends)	4	NO'S	1	4
4	Supply & fixing of chicken mesh 4 (2 gauge, ½" × ½") with nails	9	m <sup>2</sup>	1	9
5	Application of polymer modified mortar / rich cement mortar	0.18	m <sup>3</sup>	1	0.18
6	Curing and finishing of surface after repair	9	m <sup>2</sup>	1	9

$$\text{Total Steel Required} = 6.30 \text{ m} \times 4 \text{ bars} = 25.20 \text{ Rmt} = 25.2 \times 0.395 = 10\text{Kg}$$

(with 7% wastage =10.7kg)

Cement & sand for rich mix (1:3) or polymer-modified mortar as per specs.

**PROCEDURE SHOULD BE FOLLOWED ACCORDING TO PAGE 93-100 OF THE REPORT**

**VISUAL PICTURES**



## BOQ FOR PROJECTION AREA CRACKED (CEILING)

Width = 1000 mm = 1.0 m

Length = 2.0 m

Total Area: Area = 1.0m × 2.0m = 2.0m<sup>2</sup>

**CALCULATE QUANTITY OF ADDITIONAL 8 MM BARS**

$$(1000/100) + 1 = 11$$

Length of each bar = 2m

Total length of bars = 11 × 2 = 22m

Weight of 8 mm dia steel =

$$0.395 \text{ kg/m.}$$

**Total steel** = 22 × 0.395 = ~8.69 kg

Total steel + 7% wastage = 9.2Kg

**Mortar Volume (approx.):**

$$\text{Volume} = \text{Area} \times \text{Thickness} = 2.0 \text{m}^2 \times 0.020 \text{m} = 0.04 \text{m}^3$$

Item No.	Description	Unit Quantity	Unit	Numbers	Total Quantity
1	Surface preparation: Chipping & cleaning of	2	m <sup>2</sup>	2	4
2	Welding & fixing of 8 mm dia bars	9.2	kg	2	18.4
3	Application of polymer modified mortar / rich cement mortar	0.04	m <sup>3</sup>	2	0.08
4	Curing and finishing of surface after repair	2	m <sup>2</sup>	2	4

Cement & sand for rich mix (1:3) or polymer-modified mortar as per specs.

**PROCEDURE SHOULD BE FOLLOWED ACCORDING TO PAGE 93-100 OF THE REPORT**

### VISUAL PICTURES





## BOQ FOR PASSAGE AREA CRACKED CEILING

Width =500 mm = 0.5 m Length =  
6.0 m

Work is to be done on **both sides**

**Total Area:**                      Area (one side)=6.0m×0.5m=3.0m<sup>2</sup>  
Area (both sides)=3m<sup>2</sup>×2=6.0m<sup>2</sup>

**Bar Length:**

2 bars per side × 6.0 m = 12.0 m  
Total Steel Required = 6.30 m × 4 bars = 25.20 Rmt  
Each end anchoring: 150 mm × 2 ends = 0.3 m/bar → already included

**Chicken Mesh Required:** 6 m<sup>2</sup>

**Mortar Volume (approx.):**

Volume=Area×Thickness=6.0m<sup>2</sup>×0.020m=0.12m<sup>3</sup>

Item No.	Description	Unit Quantity	Unit	Numbers	Total Quantity
1	Surface preparation: Chipping & cleaning of	6	m <sup>2</sup>	1	6
2	Welding & fixing of 8 mm dia bars, 2 bars per side , with 150 mm anchoring at ends	25.2	Rmt	1	25.2
3	Drilling and inserting anchor rods with Hilti chemical anchors (for 4 mm bars, both ends)	4	NO'S	1	4
4	Supply & fixing of chicken mesh (22 gauge, ½" × ½") with nails	6	m <sup>2</sup>	1	6
5	Application of polymer modified mortar / rich cement mortar	0.12	m <sup>3</sup>	1	0.12
6	Curing and finishing of surface after repair	6	m <sup>2</sup>	1	6

Cement & sand for rich mix (1:3) or polymer-modified mortar as per specs.

**PROCEDURE SHOULD BE FOLLOWED ACCORDING TO PAGE 93-100 OF THE REPORT**

**VISUAL PICTURES**



## BOQ FOR WALL CRACK STRENGTHENING (PLASTER)

### DETAILED CALCULATIONS

1- Treatment Area (H × W)= 2.0 m × 3.0 m = 6.0 m<sup>2</sup>

#### Volume of Mortar Required

$$\text{Volume} = \text{Area} \times \text{Thickness} = 6.0 \text{ m}^2 \times 0.012 \text{ m} = 0.072 \text{ m}^3$$

S. No	Description	Qty	Unit	Number of walls	Total Qty
1	Surface preparation (cleaning and chiseling the cracked wall surface)	6	m <sup>2</sup>	1	6
2	Application of rich cement mortar (12 mm thick)	0.072	m <sup>3</sup>	1	0.072
3	Curing and finishing after mortar application	6	m <sup>2</sup>	1	6

2- Treatment Area (H × W)= 1.5 m × 0.5 m = 0.5 m<sup>2</sup>

#### Volume of Mortar Required

$$\text{Volume} = \text{Area} \times \text{Thickness} = 0.5 \text{ m}^2 \times 0.012 \text{ m} = 0.006 \text{ m}^3$$

1	Surface preparation (cleaning and chiseling the cracked wall surface)	0.5	m <sup>2</sup>	1	0.5
2	Application of rich cement mortar (12 mm thick)	0.006	m <sup>3</sup>	1	0.006
3	Curing and finishing after mortar application	0.5	m <sup>2</sup>	1	0.5

3- Treatment Area (H × W)= 2.0 m × 1.0 m = 2.0 m<sup>2</sup>

#### Volume of Mortar Required

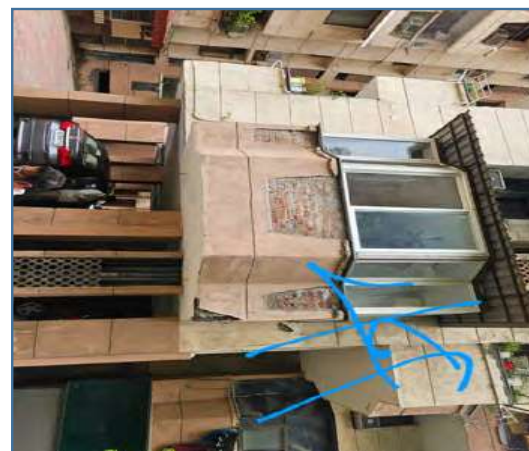
$$\text{Volume} = \text{Area} \times \text{Thickness} = 2.0 \text{ m}^2 \times 0.012 \text{ m} = 0.024 \text{ m}^3$$

S. No	Description	Qty	Unit	Number	Total Qty
1	Surface preparation (cleaning and chiseling the cracked wall surface)	2	m <sup>2</sup>	3	6
2	Application of rich cement mortar (12 mm thick)	0.024	m <sup>3</sup>	3	0.072
3	Curing and finishing after mortar application	2	m <sup>2</sup>	3	6

PROCEDURE SHOULD BE FOLLOWED ACCORDING TO PAGE 93-100 OF THE REPORT



SNAPS



## BOQ FOR WALL CRACK STRENGTHENING

### DETAILED CALCULATIONS

$$\text{Treatment Area (H} \times \text{W)} = 3.0 \text{ m} \times 4.0 \text{ m} = 12 \text{ m}^2$$

#### Volume of Mortar Required

$$\text{Volume} = \text{Area} \times \text{Thickness} = 12.0 \text{ m}^2 \times 0.012 \text{ m} = 0.156 \text{ m}^3$$

S. No	Description	Qty	Unit	Number of walls	Total Qty
1	Surface preparation (cleaning and chiseling the cracked wall surface)	12	m <sup>2</sup>	1	12
2	Application of rich cement mortar (12 mm thick)	0.156	m <sup>3</sup>	1	0.156
3	Curing and finishing after mortar application	12	m <sup>2</sup>	1	12

## BOQ FOR WALL CRACK STRENGTHENING

### DETAILED CALCULATIONS

$$\text{Treatment Area (H} \times \text{W)} = 1.5 \text{ m} \times 2.0 \text{ m} = 3.0 \text{ m}^2$$

#### Volume of Mortar Required

$$\text{Volume} = \text{Area} \times \text{Thickness} = 3.0 \text{ m}^2 \times 0.012 \text{ m} = 0.036 \text{ m}^3$$

S. No	Description	Qty	Unit	Number of walls	Total Qty
1	Surface preparation (cleaning and chiseling the cracked wall surface)	3	m <sup>2</sup>	2	6
2	Application of rich cement mortar (12 mm thick)	0.036	m <sup>3</sup>	2	0.072
3	Curing and finishing after mortar application	3	m <sup>2</sup>	2	6



PROCEDURE SHOULD BE FOLLOWED ACCORDING TO PAGE 93-100 OF THE REPORT

## BOQ – Repair Around Pipe Penetration (CEILING)

**WIDTH** = 1000 mm = 1.0 m

**Length** = 1.0 m

**Total Area:** Area = 1.0m × 1.0m = 1.0m<sup>2</sup>

Item No.	Description	Quantity	Unit
1	Chipping and removal of all loose concrete & cleaning around the pipe (1X1 m area)	1	m <sup>2</sup>
2	Anti-corrosive treatment on exposed reinforcement (if any)	1	rmt
3	<b>Seepage treatment</b> with pressure grouting/polymer injection (non-shrink)	1	m <sup>2</sup>
4	<b>Formwork fixing</b> around the opening (if soffit is exposed)	1	m <sup>2</sup>
5	<b>Micro Concrete jacketing (0-aggregate, non-shrink)</b> including mixing, placing & curing	0.05	m <sup>3</sup>
6	<b>Finishing, leak-proofing and curing (using curing compound or water curing)</b>	1	m <sup>2</sup>

### Material Details:

**Micro concrete:** Ready-mix type

Quantity = 1 m<sup>2</sup> X 50 mm thick = 0.05 m<sup>3</sup>

**Waterproof chemical:** Integral for seepage arrest (Dr. Fixit Pidicrete URP / Sika Latex / similar)

**Formwork:** Small timber/ply shutter or pipe collar mold

**Tools:** Grouting pump, vibrator (if needed), bonding agent (for RCC interface)





## BOQ FOR WALL CRACK STRENGTHENING (Miscellaneous)

### DETAILED CALCULATIONS

$$\text{Treatment Area (H} \times \text{W)} = 1.0 \text{ m} \times 1.0 \text{ m} = 1.0 \text{ m}^2$$

#### Volume of Mortar Required

$$\text{Volume} = \text{Area} \times \text{Thickness} = 1.0 \text{ m}^2 \times 0.012 \text{ m} = 0.012 \text{ m}^3$$

S. No	Description	Qty	Unit	Number of walls	Total Qty
1	Surface preparation (cleaning and chiseling the cracked wall surface)	1	m <sup>2</sup>	10	10
2	Application of rich cement mortar (12 mm thick)	0.012	m <sup>3</sup>	10	0.12
3	Curing and finishing after mortar application	1	m <sup>2</sup>	10	10

PROCEDURE SHOULD BE FOLLOWED ACCORDING TO PAGE 93-100 OF THE REPORT



KUNJ VIHAR CGHS LTD

# **BOQ REPORT**

**PAKING AREA (BASEMENT)**



## BOQ FOR CRACKED ROOF PARKING

WIDTH = 2000 mm = 2.0 m

Length = 3.0 m

Total Area:

$$\text{Area} = 2.0\text{m} \times 3.0\text{m} = 6.0\text{m}^2$$

Item No.	Description	Unit Quantity	Unit	Numbers	Total Quantity
1	Surface preparation: Chipping and cleaning cracked	6	m <sup>2</sup>	1	6
2	Supply & fixing of chicken mesh (22 gauge, ½" × ½") with nails & washers	6	m <sup>2</sup>	1	6
3	Application of polymer modified mortar / rich cement mortar (avg. 12mm thick)	0.072	m <sup>3</sup>	1	0.072
4	Curing and finishing of surface after repair	6	m <sup>2</sup>	1	6

**Mortar Volume (approx.):**

$$\text{Volume} = \text{Area} \times \text{Thickness} = 6.0\text{m}^2 \times 0.012\text{m} = 0.072\text{m}^3 \quad (\text{for one slab})$$

Cement & sand for rich mix (1:3) or polymer-modified mortar as per specs.

**PROCEDURE SHOULD BE FOLLOWED ACCORDING TO PAGE 93-100 OF THE REPORT**

### VISUAL PICTURES



## BOQ FOR CRACKED CEILING PARKING

WIDTH = 1000 mm = 1.0 m

Length = 2.0 m

Total Area:

$$\text{Area} = 2.0\text{m} \times 1.0\text{m} = 2.0\text{m}^2$$

Item No.	Description	Unit Quantity	Unit	Numbers	Total Quantity
1	Surface preparation: Chipping and cleaning cracked	2	m <sup>2</sup>	2	4
2	Application of polymer modified mortar / rich cement mortar (avg. 12mm thick)	0.024	m <sup>3</sup>	2	0.048
3	Curing and finishing of surface after repair	2	m <sup>2</sup>	2	4

**Mortar Volume (approx.):**

$$\text{Volume} = \text{Area} \times \text{Thickness} = 2.0\text{m}^2 \times 0.012\text{m} = 0.024\text{m}^3 \quad (\text{for one slab})$$

Cement & sand for rich mix (1:3) or polymer-modified mortar as per specs.

**PROCEDURE SHOULD BE FOLLOWED ACCORDING TO PAGE 93-100 OF THE REPORT**

### VISUAL PICTURES



## BOQ FOR CRACKED CEILING WITH STEEL PARKING

### DATA (SLAB JACKETING)

Parameter	Value
AREA	$1.5 \times 1.0 \text{ m} = 1.5 \text{ m}^2$
BAR DIA	10MM
SPACING	100MM C/C
TOTAL PLATER THICKNESS	20MM

### CALCULATE QUANTITY OF ADDITIONAL 10 MM BARS

Number of bars along 1.5m length

$$(1500/100)+1=16$$

Length of each bar =

$$1.2\text{m} \quad (0.2 \text{ WILL BE INSERTED IN BEAM})$$

Total length of bars =

$$16 \times 1.2 = 19.2\text{m}$$

Weight of 10 mm dia steel =

$$0.620\text{kg/m.}$$

$$\text{Total steel} = 19.2 \times 0.62 = \sim 12.0 \text{ kg}$$

$$\text{Total steel} + 7\% \text{ wastage} = 13.0\text{Kg}$$

### PLASTER / JACKETING VOLUME

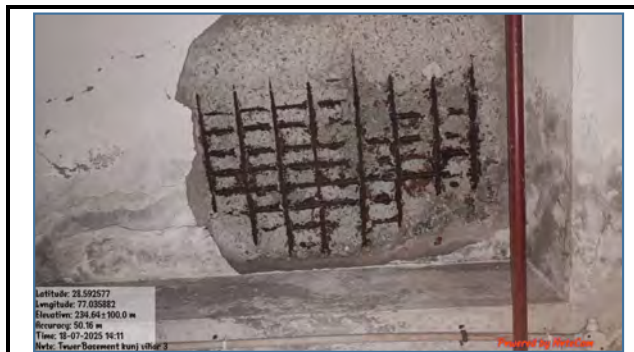
Total thickness = **20 mm = 0.02 m**

$$\text{SO, Volume} = 1.50 \times 0.02 = 0.03\text{m}^3$$

S. No	Description	Qty	Unit	Numbers	Total Qty
1	Chiseling till sound concrete, extending min. 200 mm beyond corrosion	1.5	m <sup>2</sup>	1	1.5
2	Cleaning existing rebars and applying epoxy primer / corrosion inhibitor	1.5	m <sup>2</sup>	1	1.5
3	Welding additional 10 mm dia bars at 100 mm c/c both ways	13	kg	1	13
4	Applying epoxy bonding agent	1.5	m <sup>2</sup>	1	1.5
5	Plastering with PMM or rich cement mortar (1:3), 20 mm thick	0.03	m <sup>3</sup>	1	0.03
6	Protective anti-carbonation / waterproof coating	1.5	m <sup>2</sup>	1	1.5

**PROCEDURE SHOULD BE FOLLOWED ACCORDING TO PAGE 93-100 OF THE REPORT**

Visual picture



## BOQ FOR MODERATE CRACKS IN BEAMS PARKING

### BEAM DETAILS

Parameter	Value
Beam type	Tie beam
Existing size	800 mm (W) × 400 mm (D)
Length	8 m
Sides to be treated	3 sides (bottom + 2 verticals)
Top face	Remains intact (supports wall/ slab)

### JACKETING & REINFORCEMENT DETAILS

S. No	Item Description	Qty	Unit	number of beams	total Qty
1	Surface preparation & cleaning (3 sides)	12.8	m <sup>2</sup>	2	25.6
2	Fixing chicken mesh (22 gauge, ½"x½") with nails & washers	12.8	m <sup>2</sup>	2	25.6
3	Application of polymer modified/ rich cement mortar (12 mm thick)	0.1536	m <sup>3</sup>	2	0.3072
4	Curing and surface finishing after plastering	12.8	m <sup>2</sup>	2	25.6

#### CALCULATION DETAILS:

**Surface Area for Chicken Mesh & Plaster:** (for one beam)

Side 1 (vertical):  $0.400 \times 8.0 = 3.2 \text{ m}^2$

Side 2 (bottom):  $0.80 \times 8.0 = 6.4 \text{ m}^2$

Side 3 (vertical):  $0.40 \times 8.0 = 3.2 \text{ m}^2$

**Total Area:**  $3.2 + 6.4 + 3.2 = 12.8 \text{ m}^2$

**Mortar Volume** (12 mm = 0.012 m thickness):

Volume = Area × Thickness =  $12.8 \times 0.012 = 0.1536 \text{ m}^3$

**PROCEDURE SHOULD BE FOLLOWED ACCORDING TO PAGE 93-100 OF THE REPORT**

#### PICTURES



SNAPS





## BOQ FOR Major CRACKS IN BEAMS BEAM

### DETAILS

Parameter	Value
Beam type	Tie beam
Existing size	300X450MM
Length	5.0m
Sides to be treated	2 sides (bottom + one vertical sides)
Top face	Remains intact (supports wall/ slab)

### STRENGTHENING DETAILS

S. No	Item Description	Qty	Unit	number	total Qty
1	Chipping of loose concrete and rust cleaning	3.75	m <sup>2</sup>	1	3.75
2	Providing & welding of 3 nos. 20 mm dia longitudinal bars (5.4 m including 200 mm at each end)	43	kg	1	43
3	Drilling & inserting bars in columns with chemical grout (Hilti/Fischer) – 20 mm dia, 200 mm depth	6	No's	1	6
4	Providing & fixing of 8 mm stirrups @100 mm c/c for 5.0 m beam	19.5	kg	1	19.5
5	Supply & fixing of shutter/formwork where needed	0.1125	m <sup>3</sup>	1	0.1125
6	Application of polymer-modified mortar/rich cement mortar (1:3), 30 mm thick	1.8	m <sup>2</sup>	1	1.8
7	Surface curing and finishing	3.75	m <sup>2</sup>	1	3.75

### CALCULATION DETAILS

#### Surface Area for Plaster (2 sides of beam):

Side 1 (vertical):  $0.45 \times 5.0 = 2.25 \text{ m}^2$  Side 2

(bottom):  $0.3 \times 5.0 = 1.5 \text{ m}^2$  **Total Area:**

$2.25 + 1.5 = 3.75 \text{ m}^2$

#### Volume of Plaster:

$3.75 \text{ m}^2 \text{ area} \times 30 \text{ mm thickness} = 0.1125 \text{ m}^3$  polymer-modified mortar

#### 20 mm dia bars:

$3 \text{ bars} \times (5.0 \text{ m} + 0.2 \text{ m} + 0.2 \text{ m}) = 3 \times 5.4 = 16.2 \text{ Rmt}$

$16.2 \times 2.47 = \sim 40.0 \text{ kg}$

(200MM INSERT IN BEAMS BOTH SIDE ) Total  
weight +7% wastage=43kg

#### 8 mm Stirrup Weight (L-type): Each

stirrup = 0.90 m

No. of stirrups = 51

Total length = 45.9 m

Weight =  $45.9 \times 0.395 = 18.14 \text{ kg}$



Total weight +7% wastage=19.5kg

**PROCEDURE SHOULD BE FOLLOWED ACCORDING OF THE REPORT**

SNAPS



# BOQ FOR WALL CRACK STRENGTHENING

## DETAILED CALCULATIONS

$$\text{Treatment Area (H} \times \text{W)} = 3.0 \text{ m} \times 3.0 \text{ m} = 9.0 \text{ m}^2$$

### Volume of Mortar Required

$$\text{Volume} = \text{Area} \times \text{Thickness} = 9.0 \text{ m}^2 \times 0.012 \text{ m} = 0.108 \text{ m}^3$$

S. No	Description	Qty	Unit	Number of walls	Total Qty
1	Surface preparation (cleaning and chiseling the cracked wall surface)	9	m <sup>2</sup>	2	18
2	Application of rich cement mortar (12 mm thick)	0.108	m <sup>3</sup>	2	0.216
3	Supply & fixing of chicken mesh (22 gauge, ½" × ½") with nails & washers	9	m <sup>2</sup>	2	18
4	Curing and finishing after mortar application	9	m <sup>2</sup>	2	18

*Waterproofing agent should be applied in two coats with polymer slurry to prevent moisture ingress.*



PROCEDURE SHOULD BE FOLLOWED ACCORDING TO PAGE 93-100 OF THE REPORT

## BOQ FOR MINOR & Major CRACKS IN BEAMS BEAM DETAILS

Parameter	Value
Beam type	Tie beam
Existing size	400X800MM
Length	8.0M
Chiseling depth	20–25 mm on bottom & two sides only
Sides to be treated	3 sides (bottom + two vertical sides)
Top face	Remains intact (supports wall/ slab)

### STRENGTHENING DETAILS

S. No	Item Description	Qty	Unit	number	total	Qty
1	Surface preparation & chiseling (3 sides) 20 mm dia bars welded (3 bars × 1.5 m = 4.5 m)	12.8	m <sup>2</sup>		1	12.8
2	8 mm U-type stirrups @150 mm c/c (11 Nos, 1.248 m each)	85	m <sup>2</sup>		1	85
3	Plastering with rich mortar/polymer (20 mm thick on 3 sides)	34	kg		1	34
4	Surface curing and finishing after plastering	0.384	m <sup>3</sup>		1	0.384
5		12.8	m <sup>2</sup>		1	12.8

### CALCULATION DETAILS

Side 1 (vertical):  $0.400 \times 8.0 = 3.2 \text{ m}^2$  Side 2 (bottom):  $0.80 \times 8.0 = 6.4 \text{ m}^2$  Side 3 (vertical):  $0.40 \times 8.0 = 3.2 \text{ m}^2$  **Total Area:  $3.2 + 6.4 + 3.2 = 12.8 \text{ m}^2$**

**Mortar Volume** (30 mm = 0.030 m thickness):

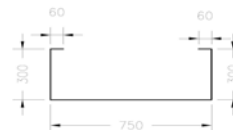
Volume=Area×Thickness= $12.8 \times 0.030 = 0.384 \text{ m}^3$  **20 mm Bars Weight:**

$4 \text{ bars} \times 8.0 \text{ m} + (0.3 \text{ M}) = 32.3 \text{ m}$  Weight =  $2.47 \text{ kg/m} \times 32.3 \text{ m} = \sim 79.8 \text{ kg}$

(150MM INSERT IN BEAMS )  
Total weight +7% wastage=85kg

**8 mm Stirrup Weight (U-type):** Each stirrup = 1.470 m

No. of stirrups = 54  
Total length = 79.38 m  
Weight =  $79.38 \times 0.395 = 31.35 \text{ kg}$



Total weight +7% wastage=34kg

**PROCEDURE SHOULD BE FOLLOWED ACCORDING OF PAGE 93-100 OF THE REPORT**

### SNAPS



## BOQ – Circular Column Strengthening (Parking Area)

### Column Details:

**Column Shape:** Circular

**Height:** 4.0 m

**Diameter:** 1.0 m

**Periphery ( $\pi D$ ):** 3.14 m

**Vertical Bars:** 12 nos. of 12 mm dia

**Stirrups:** 8 mm dia @100 mm c/c (circular rings)

**Anchorage for vertical bars:** 200 mm insertion in slab and footing (both ends)

**Concrete Cover/Plaster (if jacketed):** 30 mm (assumed)

### BOQ – Circular Column Strengthening (Jacketing)

Item No.	Description	Quantity	Unit	Numbers	Total Quantity
1	Surface preparation: Chipping of old plaster & loose concrete, rust removal from rebars	12.6	m <sup>2</sup>	1	12.6
2	Fixing <b>12 vertical bars of 12 mm dia</b> (4.4 m length incl. 200 mm at both ends)	50	Kg	1	50
3	Fixing <b>8 mm dia circular stirrups @ 100 mm spacing</b> throughout 4.0 m height	41	Nos	1	41
4	Total stirrup length per ring = 3.14 m (periphery) $\times$ 40 =	55	Kg	1	55
5	Shuttering/Formwork for jacketing (circular plywood or steel sheets)	12.6	m <sup>2</sup>	1	12.6
6	Application of <b>polymer-modified micro concrete / rich mortar (30 thick)</b>	0.38	m <sup>3</sup>	1	0.38
7	Finishing & Curing	12.6	m <sup>2</sup>	1	12.6

### Material Breakdown:

#### Steel Bars:

##### Vertical 12 mm bars:

12 bars  $\times$  4.4 m = **52.8 Rmt** (200 mm insertion in both end)

Weight =  $52.8 \times (12^2/162) = 52.8 \times 0.888 = \sim 46.88 \text{ kg}$

(Total weight + 7% watage)=50Kg

##### 8 mm circular stirrups:

41 rings  $\times$  3.14 m = **128.74Rmt**

Weight =  $128.74 \times 0.395 = \sim 50.85 \text{ kg}$

(Total weight + 7% watage)=55Kg

### Mortar Volume:

**Thickness :** 30 mm

**surface area:**  $\pi \times D \times h = 3.14 \times 1 \times 4 = 12.56 \text{ m}^2$

**Volume** =  $12.56 \times 0.03 = 0.377 \text{ m}^3 \approx 0.38 \text{ m}^3$





## BOQ FOR COPING CRACK STRENGTHENING (Miscellaneous) FOR ALL THREE BUILDINGS (TOP FLOOR)

### DETAILED CALCULATIONS

$$\text{Treatment Area (L} \times \text{W)} = 75.0 \text{ m} \times 0.5 \text{ m} = 37.5 \text{ m}^2$$

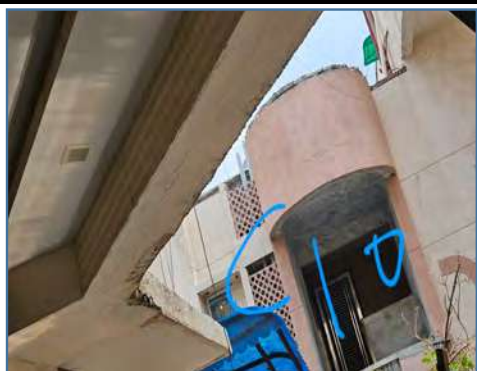
#### Volume of Mortar Required

$$\text{Volume} = \text{Area} \times \text{Thickness} = 37.5 \text{ m}^2 \times 0.012 \text{ m} = 0.45 \text{ m}^3$$

S. No	Description	Qty	Unit	Number of walls	Total Qty
1	Surface preparation (cleaning and chiseling the cracked wall surface)	37.5	m <sup>2</sup>	1	37.5
2	Application of rich cement mortar (12 mm thick)	0.45	m <sup>3</sup>	1	0.45
3	Supply & fixing of chicken mesh (22 gauge, ½" × ½") with nails	37.5	m <sup>2</sup>		37.5
4	Curing and finishing after mortar application	37.5	m <sup>2</sup>	1	37.5

PROCEDURE SHOULD BE FOLLOWED ACCORDING TO PAGE 93 TO 100 OF THE REPORT

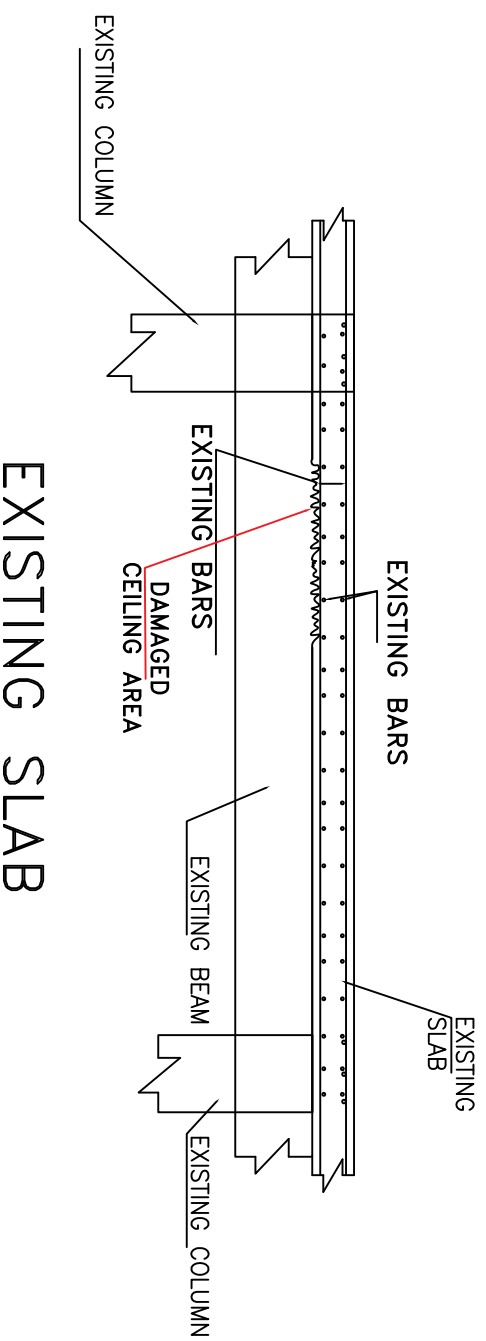
#### SNAPS



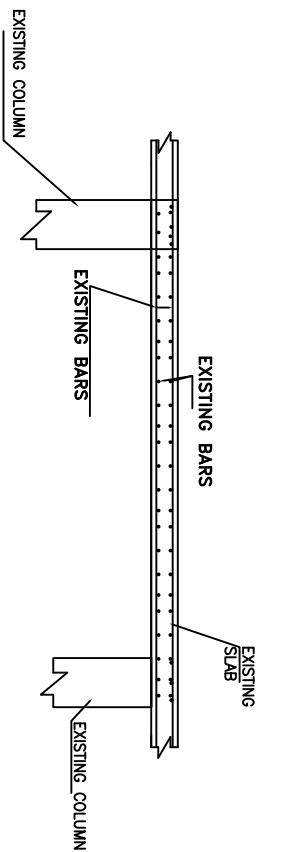
### SLAB CEILING STRENGTHENING STEPS FOR MAJOR CRACKS:-

1. Barricade the damaged area and restrict live loads on the slab.
2. Mark and identify the affected slab zone to be repaired.
3. Remove all loose/ spalled concrete using a chisel or breaker till sound concrete is exposed.
4. Expose rusted rebars minimum 200 mm beyond visible corrosion.
5. Clean rebars thoroughly using a wire brush or sandpaper.
6. Apply two coats of zinc-rich epoxy primer on cleaned reinforcement (e.g., Nitozinc Primer).
7. Fix additional 8 mm bars for reinforcement if required; weld to existing bars.
8. Apply epoxy bonding agent (e.g., Nitto Bond EP) on the concrete surface.
9. Apply PCM(Dr. Fixit Polymer Mortar)/rich cement mortar (1:3) mix to restore the slab section .
10. Two application methods are possible:
  - a) Traditional hand trowel application
  - b) Guniting – spray application under pressure (recommended for better compaction, adhesion, and finish)
11. Cure for 7–10 days using wet hessian cloth or curing compound.
12. Finish the slab soffit with Plaster.
13. Apply protective coating (anti-carbonation or waterproofing) on the repaired surface.

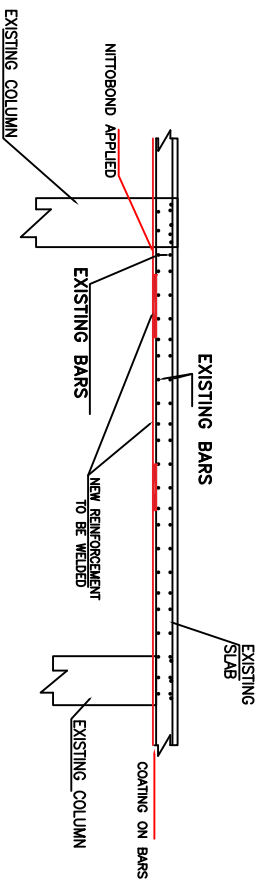
(93)



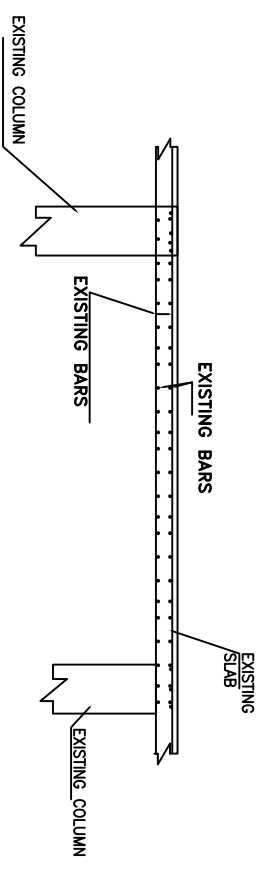
EXISTING SLAB



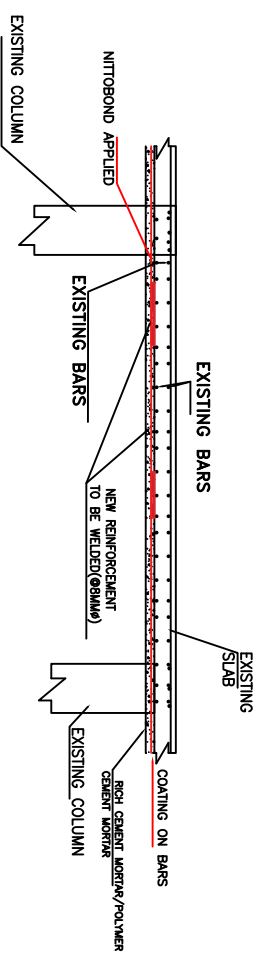
## EXISTING SLAB



NEW REINFORCEMENT TO BE WELDED



REMOVAL OF LOOSE CONCRETE(COVER)



RICH CEMENT MORTAR/POLYMER  
CEMENT MORTAR REQUIRED

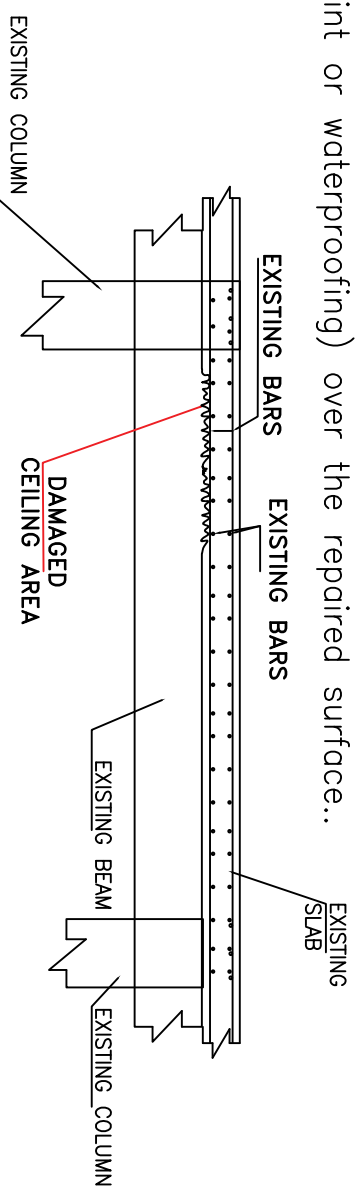
# SLAB CEILING STRENGTHENING DRAWING FOR MAJOR CRACKS

## SLAB CEILING STRENGTHENING \_PROCEDURE (FOR MODERATE CRACKS WITH SLIGHTLY RUSTED BARS):-

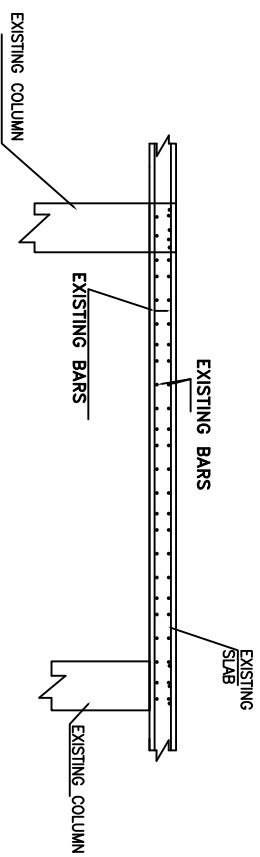
- 1.Barricade the area and restrict all live loads on the slab.
- 2.Mark and identify the slab zones to be repaired.
- 3.Remove all loose/spalled concrete using a chisel or breaker until sound concrete is exposed.
- 4.Expose reinforcement bars up to 200 mm beyond visible cracks, only where necessary.
- 5.Clean rebars thoroughly using a wire brush or sandpaper to remove surface rust.
- 6.Apply two coats of zinc-rich epoxy primer (e.g., Nitozinc Primer) to the cleaned rebars to protect against corrosion.
- 7.Apply epoxy bonding agent (e.g., Nitto Bond EP) to the prepared concrete surface.
- 8.Apply PCM (Polymer Cement Mortar) or rich cement mortar (1:3 mix) to restore the slab soffit section.
- 9.Choose one application method:
  - a. Traditional trowel application, OR
  - b. Guniting (spray method) –recommended for better compaction, adhesion, and finish
- 10.Cure the repaired area for 7–10 days using wet hessian cloth or curing compound.
- 11.Finish with a smooth plaster layer, if required, to match adjacent surfaces.
- 12.Apply protective coating (e.g., anti-carbonation paint or waterproofing) over the repaired surface..

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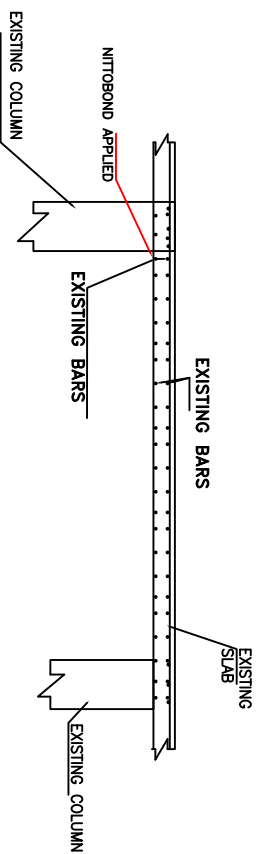
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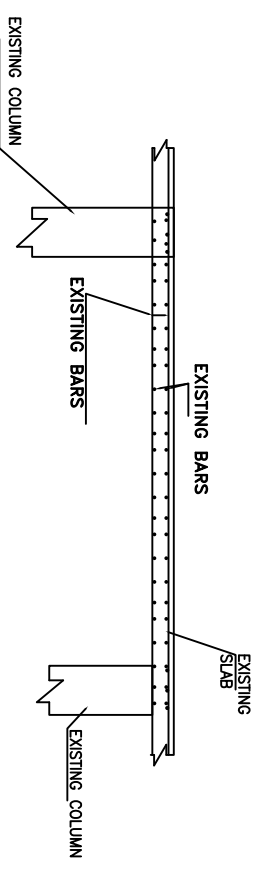
EXISTING SLAB



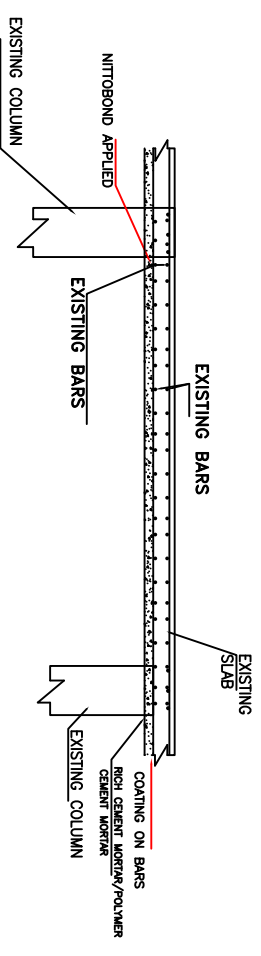
EXISTING SLAB



NITTO BOND APPLIED



REMOVAL OF LOOSE CONCRETE(COVER)



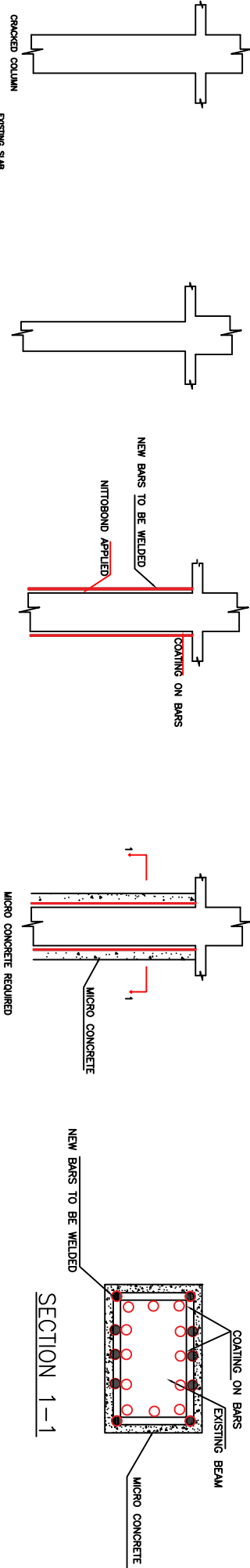
MICRO CONCRETE REQUIRED

# SLAB CEILING STRENGTHENING DRAWING FOR MODERATE CRACKS

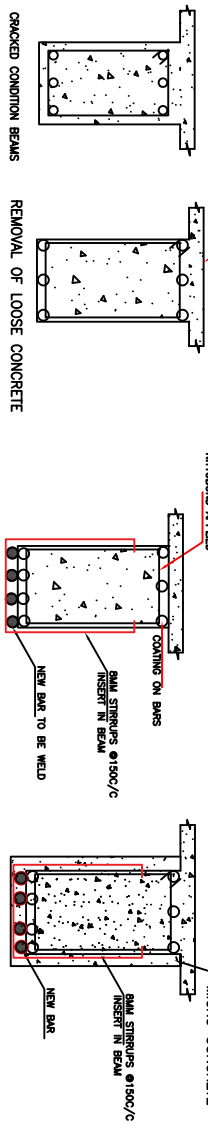


COLUMNS/BEAMS HAVING CRACKS NEED TO RECTIFY AS PER FOLLOWING STEPS.

- 1.Barricade the affected area and restrict live loads before starting the repair.
- 2.Mark and identify the damaged portion of the beam or column.
- 3.Remove all loose/spalled concrete using a chisel or jackhammer until sound concrete is exposed.
- 4.Expose corroded reinforcement bars at least 200 mm beyond visible rust.
- 5.Clean the reinforcement bars thoroughly using a wire brush, sandpaper, or sandblasting.
- 6.Apply two coats of zinc-rich epoxy primer (e.g., Nitobond Primer) to prevent further corrosion.
- 7.Fix additional rebars (typically 12–16 mm dia vertical bars for columns or 8–12 mm dia for beams) and weld them to the existing steel if required.
- 8.Apply epoxy bonding agent (e.g., Nitto Bond EP) to the prepared surface before concreting.
- 9.Pour M25 grade micro concrete using a funnel, hose, or gravity-fed method.
- 10.Ensure full coverage and eliminate voids.
- 11.Apply pressure grouting if honeycombing is anticipated.
- 12.Cure the repaired area for 7–10 days using wet hessian cloth or approved curing compound.
- 13.Finish with a protective plaster layer if required to match existing profile.
- 14.Apply protective coating such as anti-carbonation paint or elastomeric waterproofing to the repaired surface.



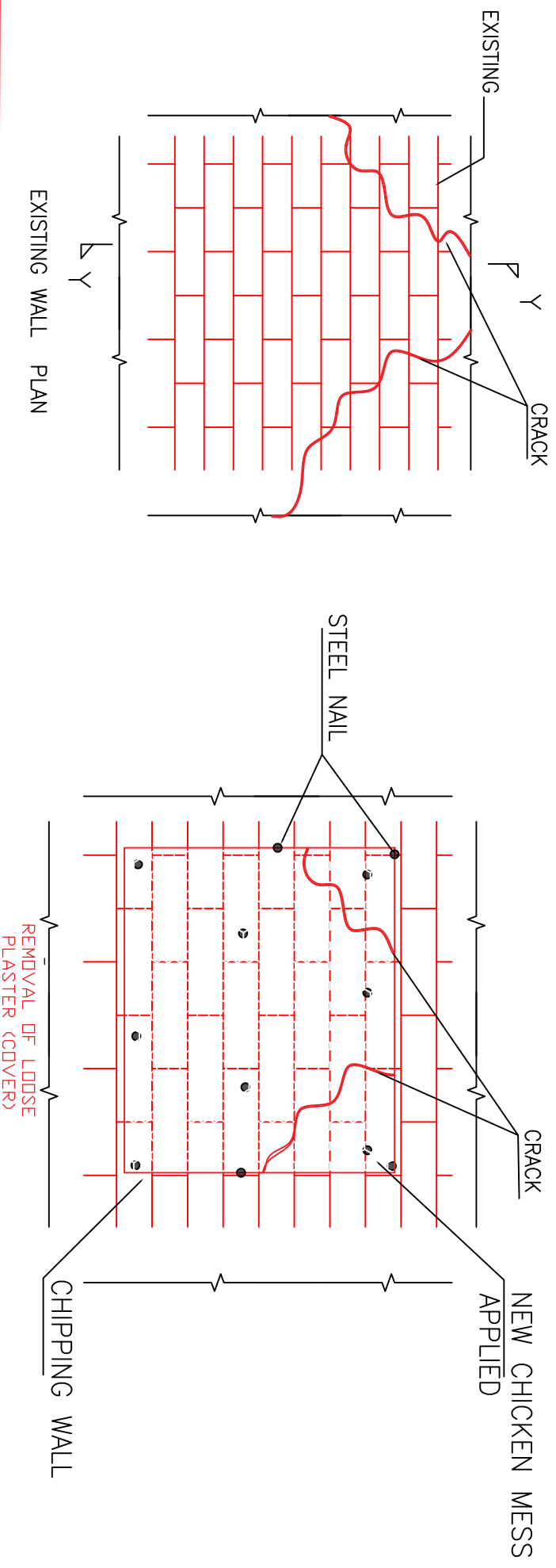
# JACKETING FOR MAJOR CRACKS



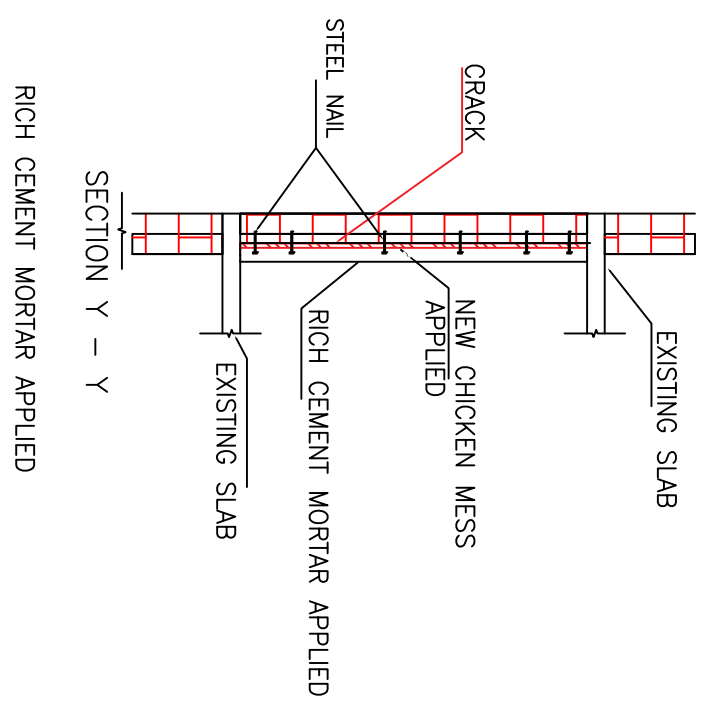
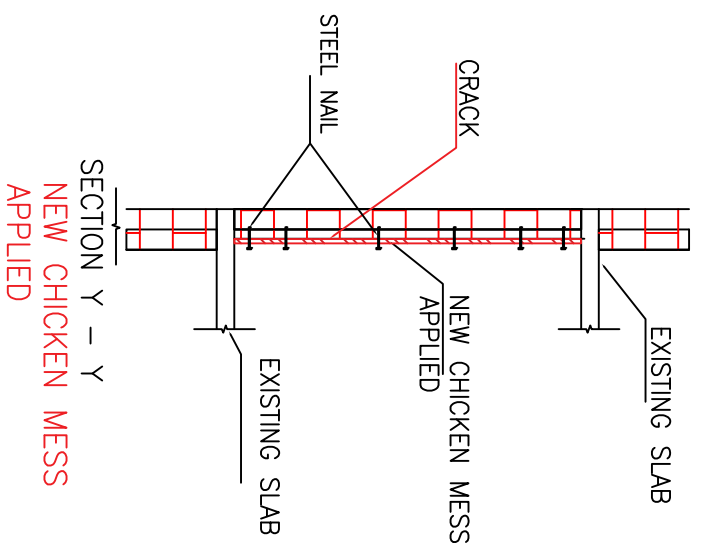
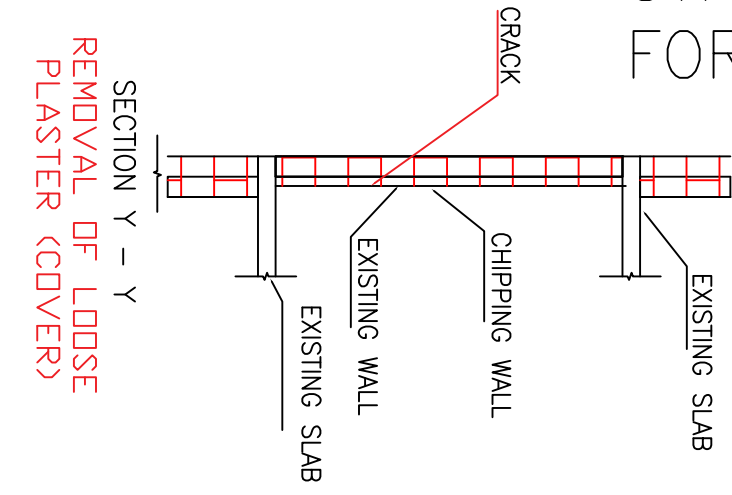
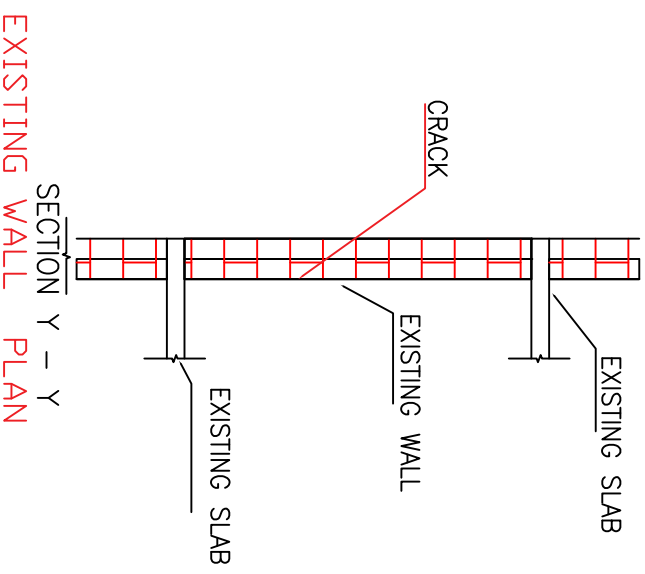
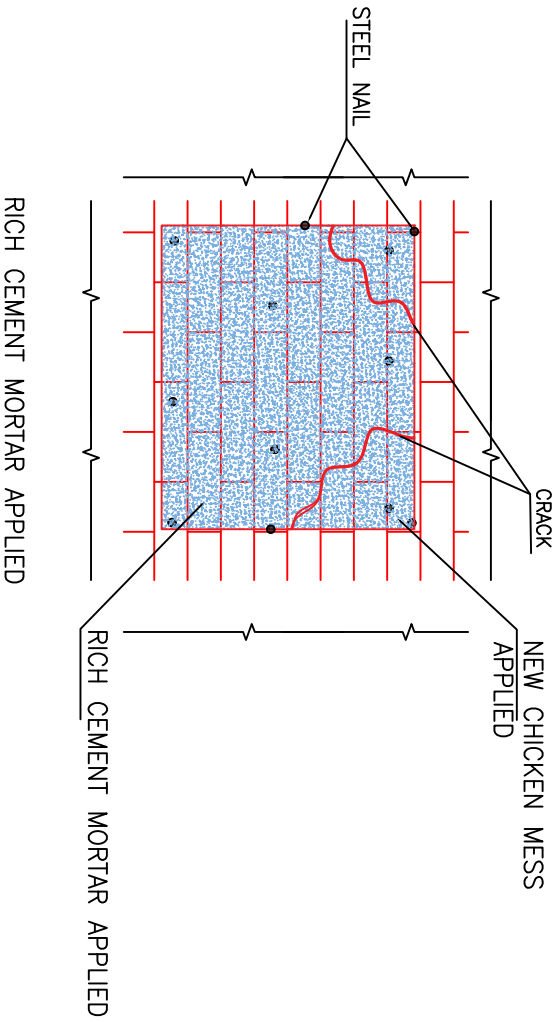
**NOTE:-** In cases where moderate/major cracks are observed in beams or columns, and the reinforcement is not rusted or only slightly corroded, then structural repair can be effectively carried out using M25 micro concrete without the need for rebar replacement.

## STRENGTHENING OF WALL CRACKS

1. Barricade the damaged wall area and restrict access for safety.
2. Mark the full extent of the wall crack and any surrounding delaminated surface.
3. Remove loose plaster and deteriorated material from the wall using a hammer and chisel.
4. Clean the exposed wall surface and crack line with a wire brush or compressed air.
5. Cut galvanized chicken mesh slightly larger than the cracked portion of the wall.
6. Fix the chicken mesh securely to the wall using binding wire, or steel nails.
7. Apply epoxy bonding agent (e.g., Nitto Bond EP) on the prepared wall surface.
8. Apply polymer-modified cement mortar (1:3 mix) over the mesh, fully embedding it.
9. Finish the repaired wall surface with a trowel to match the adjacent texture.
10. Begin moist curing after initial set and continue for 5–7 days.
11. Apply anti-carbonation or waterproof coating over the wall if required after curing.



# STRENGTHENING DRAWING FOR WALL CRACK



## **REPAIR PROCEDURE FOR BEAM AND COLUMNS MODERATE CRACK**

- 1 Thoroughly clean the damaged concrete surface using a wire brush or chisel to remove loose particles and laitance.
- 3 Mark and identify the damaged portion (like beam or column) that needs repair.
- 4 Chip off all loose/unsound concrete using a chisel or jackhammer until sound concrete is visible.
- 5 Ensure surface preparation is done by cleaning with a wire brush, sandpaper, or sandblasting.
- 6 Get the reinforcement bars thoroughly cleaned to remove rust, oil, or debris.
- 7 Apply rust treatment (e.g., Nitoferro or similar anti-corrosion agent) to existing rebars.
- 8 Fix GI chicken mesh (preferably 20 or 22 gauge) over the repair area using steel nails or steel wire ensuring it is taut and in contact with the surface.
- 9 Apply epoxy bonding agent (e.g., Nitobond EP) to the prepared surface before plastering.
- 10 Prepare polymer-modified mortar using non-shrink grout or approved repair mortar mixed with recommended dosage of bonding agents.
- 11 Apply mortar over the chicken mesh using firm hand pressure to embed the mesh completely into the repair mortar.
- 12 Finish the surface to match the surrounding area using proper tools.
- 13 Cure as per product recommendation.
- 14 Apply protective coating or elastomeric waterproofing as required for long-term durability.

***NOTE:-Reinforcement bars, should only be cut after inspection and approval by the retrofitting team on site.***

## **Conclusion**

Based on our detailed **visual inspection**, it is evident that the building exhibits **multiple structural and non-structural defects**, including but not limited to cracks in beams and columns, seepage issues, corrosion of reinforcement, inadequate cover, and signs of material deterioration.

It is important to note that **visual inspection methods are indicative and not absolute**. While they provide a reliable preliminary assessment of the building's health, the observations are subject to limitations such as surface concealment, lighting conditions, and inaccessible areas. As a result, the actual extent of defects may **vary by approximately 10–15%** from what has been visually identified.